

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXI, NO. 18.

HONOLULU, H. I. TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1896.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1738.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

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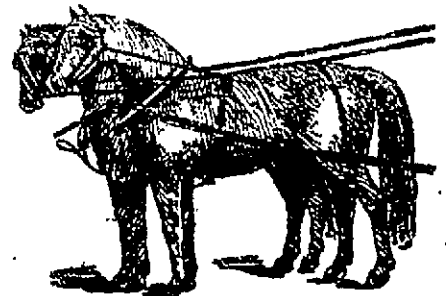
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THE KROEGER PIANO.

Testimonial to Agent Bergstrom
From a Celebrated Pianist.

(P. O. Advertiser, January 10 1896.)
Honolulu, H. I., December 28, 1895.

J. W. BERGSTROM AGENT KROEGER PIANO
DEAR SIR—It gives me much pleasure to
testify to the merits of the Kroeger Cab-
inet Grand Piano used by me at the series
of concerts given at the Y. M. C. A. Hall
by the Ovide Musin (concert) Company.
The piano has a very superior tone quality
and the action is perfect. I was very for-
tunate in securing such an instrument.

Yours very faithfully,
EDWARD SCHAEFFER,
Musin Concert Company.

J. W. BERGSTROM,
Agent Hawaiian Islands Kroeger
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CLARKE'S
WORLD-FAMED

Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all
impurities, it cannot be too highly recom-
mended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema,
Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases,
and Sores of all kinds, its effects are
marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores,
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck,
Cures Ulcerated Sores, Leg-
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face
Cures Scoury Sores,
Cures Cancerous Ulcers,
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases,
Cures Glandular swellings,
Clears the Blood from all impure Matter
From whatever cause arising.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and
warranted free from anything injurious to the
most delicate constitution of either sex, the
Physicians solicit visitors to give it a trial to
test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS
From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles of 1/2 and 1 gallon containing
six times the quantity. Its each sufficient to
effect a permanent cure in the great majority
of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS
and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS
THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. PROPRIETORS
THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND CEMENTS DRESS
COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture,
and beware of worthless imitations or substitu-
tes.

The Daily Advertiser 75 cents a
month. Delivered by carrier.

PROMINENT MAN DEAD.

John T. Waterhouse Expired
Yesterday.

HEART FAILURE WAS THE CAUSE.

Over-worked During the Cholera Siege.
Ill Several Weeks—Died Without a
Struggle.—Prominent in Business
and Church Circles—Funeral Today.

John T. Waterhouse died of
heart failure at 4:30 o'clock yester-
day afternoon at his residence on
Wylie street.

Mr. Waterhouse has been suf-
fering from a complication of dis-



JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE.

eases for several months and sev-
eral times he has been confined to
his house in consequence. During
the cholera siege Mr. Waterhouse
was very active in the affairs of
the Board of Health and overexerted
himself in the performance of
his duties as a member of the
Board of Health and never seemed
to recover his strength.

A few weeks ago he suffered an
attack of stomach trouble which
confined him to his bed and his
condition fluctuated between better
and worse until yesterday. In the
meantime he had contracted a bad
cold, which developed into con-
gestion of the lungs. Then he was
attacked with rheumatism of the
heart and his death was directly
due to heart failure.

Sunday night was the best night
he had experienced for weeks, and
yesterday he told his family he felt
much better. His brother called as
usual in the morning and noted at
the marked improvement in him.

In the afternoon, but a moment
before he expired, he told the man
who was in the room to step out-
side, and then addressed Mrs.
Waterhouse, saying: "Sit down
here by the bed where I can see
you. I feel faint." A moment
later, like the flickering of a can-
dle, his life went out. John T.
Waterhouse, the prosperous mer-
chant, was dead.

The deceased leaves a widow and
eight children. Fred, the oldest
son, is cashier in his father's store;
Ernest is studying medicine in the
College of Physicians in New York;
John is at Princeton College, from
which institution he will graduate
in June, and George is a junior in
the same college. The four daugh-
ters are at home, the youngest
attending Punahou.

Mr. Waterhouse was born in
Tasmania July 17, 1841, and came
here with his parents when nine
years of age. He was given an
education in the Punahou school
from which place he graduated.
Directly his education was finished
he entered his father's mercantile
house as clerk.

In 1871 feeling the necessity for
an active man to watch the mar-
kets in England, the deceased was
prevailed upon by his father to
proceed to London and fill the
post of resident buyer in that city.
He remained there for eighteen
months and then returned to Ho-
nolulu and entered into active
business with his brother Henry,

shortly after succeeding their
father in the conduct of their large
business interests.

For twenty years, it may be said,
John T. Waterhouse was one of the
leading business men in Honolulu.
He has been connected with the
Board of Health for a longer period
than any other member, and dur-
ing W. O. Smith's absence has acted
as president of that body.

He is superintendent of the
Central Union Sabbath school for
many years, was a member of the
choir committee for at least twenty
years, and at the time of his death
was a deacon of the church. He
was a member of the board of
trustees of the Queen's Hospital,
the Sailors' Home, and during the
reign of Kalakaua was a member
of the Privy Council of State.

No one in Honolulu had a great-
er reputation for integrity and
honesty of purpose, in business,
official or private life, than Mr.
Waterhouse. He had the respect
and esteem of every one with whom

SPEAK FOR ARBITRATION

Expression of British Minds in
the House of Commons.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS GLEANINGS.

Cuban Insurgents in Havana Province.
Corean King in St. Petersburg—Fiji
Land Claims—Armenian Blue Book
Record.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The debate on
the address in reply to the Queen's
speech was continued in the House of
Commons today.

Atherly-Jones, the Liberal member
for the northwest division of Durham,
then moved the following amend-
ment:

"And while we are glad to hear
that her majesty's relations with
foreign powers continue to be friendly;
we deplore that her majesty's speech
does not contain an assurance that all
matters of difference between this
country and the republic of Venezuela
in relation to the delimitation of the
frontier of that state and British
Guiana be referred to arbitration in
accordance with the request of the
Government of the United States."

In moving in the amendment Mr.
Atherly-Jones said he thought the
Government should be grateful for
the opportunity to ascertain the
opinion of the House of Commons up-
on the policy it ought to pursue. In
accepting the amendment in that
spirit, he continued, it would only be
following the example of President
Cleveland, who asked the opinion of
Congress upon the measure submitted
to Great Britain.

He said that since 1841 England had
seven times changed the line marking
the limit of her claim. In the face of
these facts, how could it be contended
by Great Britain that the Schom-
burgh line was outside the pale of
arbitration? Having expressed dis-
satisfaction at Lord Granville's treat-
ment of the question in 1881, he pro-
tested against the assumption that
the action of the United States Gov-
ernment was only an election dodge.
We ought not to judge the action of
the Government, the speaker con-
tinued, by President Cleveland and
Secretary Olney's dispatches, but by
the friendly representations received
subsequently.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the
Liberal Leader in the House of Com-
mons, spoke as follows:

"I believe the real points of differ-
ence between the two Governments
are insignificant. But nothing is so
dangerous as to leave disputes of this
kind to the ignorant prejudices of the
people, who do not understand the
question. I venture to suggest to
Atherly-Jones that, after the state-
ment the Government has made, it
would be useless to pursue his motion
to a division, which would entirely
misrepresent the feeling of the House,
besides doing infinite injury in Amer-
ica. I see no manner of settling this
question except to encourage support
of the Government in a course which,
if followed, will most speedily and
successfully lead to a good understand-
ing between England and the United
States." (Cheers.)

Atherly-Jones then withdrew his
amendment.

John Dillon objected to the with-
drawal, and an altercation with the
Speaker ensued, but the latter refused
to uphold the objection.

Embassador Bayard had an inter-
view with the Marquis of Salisbury
on the subject of the Venezuelan
boundary dispute.

MACEO IN HAVANA PROVINCE.
Rebels Again Advancing Toward the
Spanish Stronghold.

HAVANA, Feb. 17.—Antonio Maceo
is fairly within the province of
Havana and east of the Batabano tro-
cha, and if he has not joined forces
with Gomez, he is in a position to do
so when he pleases. Large forces of
insurgents are also within the reach of
Matanzas province, where they are
overrunning the country and doing
much damage. The whereabouts of
Maximo Gomez is not known, as he
has not yet made any aggressive move-
ments for some time. He seems to
have lapsed into a condition of seem-
ing apathy, like that which charac-
terized his stay in Puerto Principe, while
Antonio Maceo was waging an ener-
getic campaign in Santiago de Cuba.
As that period of seeming apathy on
Gomez' part terminated with his
eruption into Santa Clara, and his
dashing march westward almost to
the gates of Havana, showing how
busy he had been in making effective
preparations, the authorities do not
allow themselves to count much upon
his present quietude.

The last reported of Gomez he was
in the neighborhood of Antonio de
Las Vegas, a little west of the center
of Havana province. This town has
been, to a large extent, the head-
quarters of the insurgents for some time
past, and has been in their hands. In
fact, a number of the officials of the
town went over to the insurgents.

Germans Agree to Agree.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The
President today sent to Congress the
correspondence with the German Gov-
ernment relating to the exclusion of
American insurance companies from
Germany. The German Government
consents to reopen the question.

MASSACRED 25,000.
Blue Book on Armenian Outrages.
Horrible Record.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Another Blue
Book on Armenia was published to-
day, the dispatches covering the
period between September 3 1893 and
February 11, 1896. It contains data
prepared by the committee of dele-
gates from the Embassies of the six
powers, showing the total number of
persons massacred, concerning whose
fate accurate information has been
obtained, is 25,000.

The Under Secretary of the Foreign
Office, George N. Curzon, replying in
the House of Commons today to ques-
tions, said the powers had not in-
formed Russia that her occupation of
Armenia would not be objected to.
Such occupation, he added, without
the consent of the Sultan, would be
in violation of the treaties of Paris
and Berlin. Curzon also said the
statement of the Russian Minister of
Foreign Affairs, Prince Lushanoff
Rostovsky, that Russia was willing
to undertake to maintain order in
Armenia was "piousness."

COREA'S KING IN RUSSIA.

Takes Refuge in St. Petersburg—Re-
garded as Significant Move.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The Her-
ald's special from St. Petersburg says:
The young King of Corea has arrived
here with the object of seeking the
protection of Russia for his country.
His visit is being kept a profound
secret. Those who have been let into
the knowledge of his presence here
look upon the news as of high im-
portance in connection with Russia's
Eastern policy.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The officials
of the Foreign Office confirm the
newspaper report that a detachment
of British marines, among others,
have been landed at Chemulpo and
sent to Seoul, capital of Corea, in or-
der to protect the British Legation
there.

TOO BIG TO SUBMIT.

American Claims for Damages in Fiji
are Large on Paper.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17. The
President today sent a message to
the Senate in answer to a resolution
of inquiry, transmitting a report from
the State Department upon the claim-
for compensation of B. H. Henry and
other citizens of Oregon for lands on
the Fiji Islands taken by the British
authorities. The report shows that
the claimants were rather severely
treated by the British commission-
which adjusted the titles to lands on
the islands in the application of very
technical rules. Incidentally the
Secretary of State calls attention to
the fact that he is prevented from
submitting all the documents called
for by the Senate by reason of their
great bulk.

Sexton Will Not Lead.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—In response to
the letter addressed to him by Tim-
othy Healy, Thomas Sexton has
finally refused to accept the leader-
ship of the Irish party, notwithstanding
Healy's earnest appeal to him to
do so and the promise of the hearty
support of the Healyites.

Yankee Girls Forever.

NICE, Feb. 17.—The second grand
battle of flowers took place today on
the Promenade des Anglais. The
prize winners included Miss Beards-
lee of New York and the Misses North
of Chicago.

Jameson to be Court-Martialed.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Times
says there is reason to believe all the
officers holding the Queen's commis-
sion who were concerned in the Jame-
son raid will be court-martialed.

FINE JERSEY CATTLE.

Several Thoroughbred Calves Of-
fered for Sale by Mr. Irwin.

The attention of owners of farm
and dairy stock is called to the
advertisement of Mr. W. G. Irwin,
in which he offers for sale several
thoroughbred Jersey bull calves
from foundation stock imported
directly from the island of Jersey.
The calves offered by Mr. Irwin
are the progeny of the bulls "South
View Lad" and "Una's King," and
the cows "Fancy Bess," "Princesse
de Bonne Nuit," "Bijou 5th" and
"Spartan Maid," all of which are
registered in both the "Jersey Herd
Book" of Jersey and in the "Pacific
Coast Jersey Cattle Club" of Cali-
fornia, and were all imported for
Mr. Irwin by Mr. W. M. Giffard
direct from Jersey, Channel Is-
lands, via Liverpool and around the
Horn, in the ship Fyfehire in
1891.

Since their arrival in Honolulu
these Jerseys have been herded by
themselves at Mr. Irwin's Jer-
sey stock farm at Waikiki, and
have more than satisfied the owner
in his expectation of the breed,
which is renowned as the best
farm and dairy cattle in the world.
The bull calves offered for sale are
guaranteed thoroughbred pedi-
greed stock.

The St. Paul in Good Condition.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17. The In-
ternational Navigation Company has
received word from Newport
News that the examination of the
hull and engines of the St. Paul
has been completed and that there
is practically no damage to the
hull of the ship.

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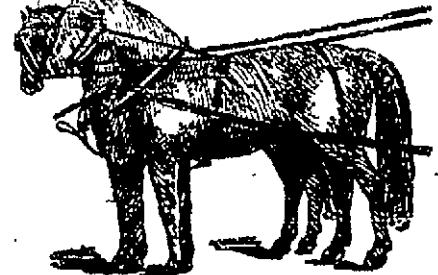
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inet Grand Piano used by me at the series

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by the Ovide Musin Concert Company.

The piano has a very superior tone quality

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tunate in securing such an instrument.

Yours very faithfully,

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For cleansing and clearing the blood from

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For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema,

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and Sores of all kinds, its effects are

marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Legs.

Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.

Cures Scrofula Sores.

Cures Cancerous Ulcers.

Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.

Cures Glandular Swellings.

Clears the Blood from all impure Matter

From whatever cause arising.

As this mixture is pleasant to the taste, and

warranted free from anything injurious to the

most delicate constitution of either sex, the

Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to

test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS

From All Parts of the World.

Sold in Bottles 2s 6d, and in cases containing

six times the quantity, the only sufficient to

effect a permanent cure in the great majority

of long-standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS

and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS

THROUGHOUT THE WORLD. PROPRIETORS

THE LANCET AND MEDICAL OPINIONS. DRUG

COMPANY, LINCOLN, ENGLAND.

Caution.—Ask for Clarke's Blood Mixture

and beware of worthless imitations or sub-

stitutes.

The Daily Advertiser 75 cents a

month. Delivered by carrier.

PROMINENT MAN DEAD.

John T. Waterhouse Expired
Yesterday.

HEART FAILURE WAS THE CAUSE.

Over-worked During the Cholera Siege.
Ill Several Weeks—Died Without a
Struggle.—Prominent in Business
and Church Circles—Funeral Today.

John T. Waterhouse died of
heart failure at 4:30 o'clock yester-
day afternoon at his residence on
Wylie street.

Mr. Waterhouse has been suf-
fering from a complication of dis-



JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE.

eases for several months and sev-
eral times he has been confined to
his house in consequence. During
the cholera siege Mr. Waterhouse
was very active in the affairs of
the Board of Health and overexerted
himself in the performance of
his duties as a member of the
Board of Health and never seemed
to recover his strength.

A few weeks ago he suffered an
attack of stomach trouble which
confined him to his bed and his
condition fluctuated between better
and worse until yesterday. In the
meantime he had contracted a bad
cold, which developed into conges-
tion of the lungs. Then he was
attacked with rheumatism of the
heart and his death was directly
due to heart failure.

Sunday night was the best night
he had experienced for weeks, and
yesterday he told his family he felt
much better. His brother called as
usual in the morning and noted at
the marked improvement in him.

In the afternoon, but a moment
before he expired, he told the man
who was in the room to step out-
side, and then addressed Mrs.
Waterhouse, saying: "Sit down
here by the bed where I can see
you. I feel faint." A moment
later, like the flickering of a candle,
his life went out. John T.
Waterhouse, the prosperous mer-
chant, was dead.

The deceased leaves a widow and
eight children. Fred, the oldest
son, is cashier in his father's store;
Ernest is studying medicine in the
College of Physicians in New York;
John is at Princeton College, from
which institution he will graduate
in June, and George is a junior in
the same college. The four daugh-
ters are at home, the youngest
attending Punahou.

Mr. Waterhouse was born in
Tasmania July 17, 1841, and came
here with his parents when nine
years of age. He was given an
education in the Punahou school
from which place he graduated.
Directly his education was finished
he entered his father's mercantile
house as clerk.

In 1871 feeling the necessity for
an active man to watch the mar-
kets in England, the deceased was
prevailed upon by his father to
proceed to London and fill the
post of resident buyer in that city.
He remained there for eighteen
months and then returned to Ho-
nolulu and entered into active
business with his brother Henry,

shortly after succeeding their
father in the conduct of their large
business interests.

For twenty years, it may be said,
John T. Waterhouse was one of the
leading business men in Honolulu.
He has been connected with the
Board of Health for a longer period
than any other member, and dur-
ing W. O. Smith's absence has acted
as president of that body.

He was superintendent of the
Central Union Sabbath school for
many years, was a member of the
choir committee for at least twenty
years, and at the time of his death
was a deacon of the church. He
was a member of the board of
trustees of the Queen's Hospital,
the Sailors' Home, and during the
reign of Kalaukaua was a member
of the Privy Council of State.

No one in Honolulu had a great-
er reputation for integrity and
honesty of purpose, in business,
official or private life, than Mr.
Waterhouse. He had the respect
and esteem of every one with whom

SPEAK FOR ARBITRATION

Expression of British Minds in
the House of Commons.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS GLEANINGS.

Cuban Insurgents in Havana Province.
Corean King in St. Petersburg—Fiji
Land Claims—Armenian Blue Book
Record.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The debate on
the address in reply to the Queen's
speech was continued in the House of
Commons today.

Atherly-Jones, the Liberal member
for the northwest division of Durham,
then moved the following amend-
ment:

"And while we are glad to hear
that her majesty's relations with
foreign powers continue to be friendly;
we deplore that her majesty's speech
does not contain an assurance that all
matters of difference between this
country and the republic of Venezuela
in relation to the delimitation of the
frontier of that state and British
Guiana be referred to arbitration in
accordance with the request of the
Government of the United States."

In moving in the amendment Mr.
Atherly-Jones said he thought the
Government should be grateful for
the opportunity to ascertain the
opinion of the House of Commons up-
on the policy it ought to pursue.
In accepting the amendment in that
spirit, he continued, it would only be
following the example of President
Cleveland, who asked the opinion of
Congress upon the measure submitted
to Great Britain.

He said that since 1841 England had
seven times changed the line marking
the limit of her claim. In the face of
these facts, how could it be contended
by Great Britain that the Schom-
burgh line was outside the pale of
arbitration? Having expressed dis-
satisfaction at Lord Granville's treat-
ment of the question in 1881, he pro-
tested against the assumption that
the action of the United States Gov-
ernment was only an election dodge.
We ought not to judge the action of
the Government, the speaker con-
tinued, by President Cleveland and
Secretary Olney's dispatches, but by
the friendly representations received
subsequently.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the
Liberal Leader in the House of Com-
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"I believe the real points of differ-
ence between the two Governments
are insignificant. But nothing is so
dangerous as to leave disputes of this
kind to the ignorant prejudices of the
people, who do not understand the
question. I venture to suggest to
Atherly-Jones that, after the state-
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would be useless to pursue his motion
to a division, which would entirely
misrepresent the feeling of the House,
besides doing infinite injury in Amer-
ica. I see no manner of settling this
question except to encourage support
of the Government in a course which,
if followed, will most speedily and
successfully lead to a good understand-
ing between England and the United
States." (Cheers.)

Atherly-Jones then withdrew his
amendment.

John Dillon objected to the with-
drawal, and an altercation with the
Speaker ensued, but the latter refused
to uphold the objection.

Embassador Bayard had an inter-
view with the Marquis of Salisbury
on the subject of the Venezuelan
boundary dispute.

MACEO IN HAVANA PROVINCE.

Rebels Again Advancing Toward the

Spanish Stronghold.

HAVANA, Feb. 17.—Antonio Ma-

ceo is fairly within the province of

Havana and east of the Batabano tro-

cha, and if he has not joined forces

with Gomez, he is in a position to do

so when he pleases. Large forces of

insurgents are also within the reach of

Matanzas province, where they are

overrunning the country and doing

much damage. The whereabouts of

Maximo Gomez is not known, as he

has not yet made any aggressive move-

ments for some time. He seems to

have lapsed into a condition of seem-

ing apathy, like that which charac-

terized his stay in Puerto Principe, while

Antonio Maceo was waging an ener-

getic campaign in Santiago de Cuba.

As that period of seeming apathy on

Gomez' part terminated with his

eruption into Santa Clara, and his

dashing march westward almost to

the gates of Havana, showing how

busy he had been in making effective

preparations, the authorities do not

allow themselves to count much upon

his present quietude.

The last reported of Gomez he was

in the neighborhood of Antonio de

Las Vegas, a little west of the center

of Havana province. This town has

been, to a large extent, the headquar-

ters of the insurgents for some time

past, and has been in their hands. In

fact, a number of the officials of the

town went over to the insurgents

MASSACRED 25,000.

Blue Book on Armenian Outrages.

Horrible Record.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Another Blue

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powers, showing the total number of

persons massacred, concerning whose

late accurate information has been

obtained, is 25,000.

The Under Secretary of the Foreign

Office, George N. Curzon, replying in

the House of Commons today to ques-

tions, said the powers had not in-

formed Russia that her occupation of

Armenia would not be objected to.

Such occupation, he added, without

the consent of the Sultan, would be

in violation of the treaties of Paris

and Berlin. Curzon also said the

statement of the Russian Minister of

Foreign Affairs, Prince Lobanoff

Rostovsky, that Russia was willing

to undertake to maintain order in

Hawaiian Gazette.

VOL. XXXI, NO. 18.

HONOLULU, H. I. TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1896.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 1738.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

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Per year, Foreign 50.00
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W. A. KINNEY,

Attorney at Law. Safe Deposit Building, upstairs, Fort Street, Honolulu, H. I.

LYLE A. DICKEY,

Attorney at Law. No. 11 Kaahumanu Street, Honolulu, H. I.

GILBERT F. LITTLE,
Attorney at Law,
HILO, HAWAII.

WILLIAM C. PARKE,

Attorney at Law and Agent to take Acknowledgments. No. 13 Kaahumanu Street, Honolulu, H. I.

W. R. CASTLE,

Attorney at Law and Notary Public. Attends all Courts of the Republic. Honolulu, H. I.

J. M. WHITNEY, M.D., D.D.S.
Dental Rooms on Fort Street. Office in Brewer's Block, cor. Fort and Hotel Sts; entrance, Hotel St.

W. F. ALLEN,

Will be pleased to transact any business entrusted to his care. Office over Bishop's Bank.

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Grocery and Feed Store. Corner King and Fort Sts., Honolulu.

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Investment Company, Ltd. Money loaned for long or short periods on approved security.
W. W. HALL, Manager.

WILDER & CO.,

Lumber, Paints, Oils, Nails, Salt, and Building Materials, all kinds.

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Importers and Commission Merchants. Honolulu, H. I.

JOHN T. WATERHOUSE,

Importer and Dealer in General Merchandise. Queen St., Honolulu.

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THEO. H. DAVIES & CO.
Commission Merchants. 12 and 13 The Albany, Liverpool.

R. LEWERS, F. J. LOWREY, C. M. COOKE.
LEWERS & COOKE,
Successors to Lewers & Dickinson.
Importers and Dealers in Lumber and Building Materials. Fort St.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.,
Machinery of every description made to order.

ED. HOFFSCHLAEGER & CO.,
Importers and Commission Merchants. King and Bethel Streets, Honolulu, H. I.

HYMAN BROS.,

Importers of General Merchandise, from France, England, Germany and United States. No. 58 Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.

HYMAN BROS.,

Commission Merchants. Particular attention paid to filling and shipping island orders. 206 Front Street, San Francisco.

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Importers and Commission Merchants. Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

H. HACKFELD & CO.,
General Commission Agents. Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.

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Importers and Dealers in Hardware. Corner Fort and King Sts.

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W. O. White, Secretary and Treasurer
Wm. Allen, Auditor
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Consolidated Soda Water Works Co.,
LIMITED.
Esplanade, corner Allen and Fort streets.

HOLLISTER & CO., Agents.

TOURISTS' GUIDE THROUGH HAWAII.

H. M. Whitney, Publisher.

Only Complete Guide Published

BEAUTIFULLY ILLUSTRATED.
Price 75 Cents.

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LINCOLN BLOCK, KING ST.
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AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE.

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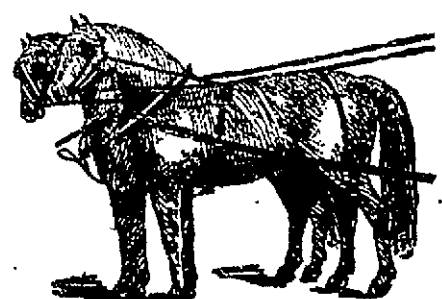
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A. J. DERBY, D. D. S.

Dentist.

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ALEXANDER CHISHOLM.

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Manufacturer and Dealer in

All Kinds of

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—AND—

Harness.

Orders from the other Islands promptly attended to.

Corner King and Fort Sts.

P. O. Box 222. Honolulu.

THE KROEGER PIANO.

Testimonial to Agent Bergstrom

From a Celebrated Pianist.

(P. C. Advertiser, January 10, 1896.)

Honolulu, H. I., December 28, 1895.

J. W. BERGSTROM AGENT KROEGER PIANO.

Dear Sir:—It gives me much pleasure to testify to the merits of the Kroeger Cabinet Grand Piano used by me at the series of concerts given at the Y. M. C. A. Hall by the Orville Musin Concert Company.

The piano has a very superior tone quality and the action is perfect. I was very fortunate in securing such an instrument.

Yours very faithfully,

EDWARD SCHLEF.

Musin Concert Company.

J. W. BERGSTROM,

Agent Hawaiian Islands Kroeger Pianos.

CLARKE'S

WORLD-FAMED

Blood Mixture

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER & RESTORER

For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.

For Scrofula, Scoury, Eczema, Pimples, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, its effects are marvellous.

It Cures Old Sores.

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.

Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Face.

Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.

Cures Scrofula or Boils.

Cures Cancerous Ulcers.

Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.

Cures Glandular Swellings.

Cures Rheumatism.

Cures Dropsical Swellings.

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PROMINENT MAN DEAD.

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HEART FAILURE WAS THE CAUSE.

Over-worked During the Cholera Siege. Ill Several Weeks—Died Without a Struggle—Prominent in Business and Church Circles—Funeral Today.

John T. Waterhouse died of heart failure at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon at his residence on Wylie street.

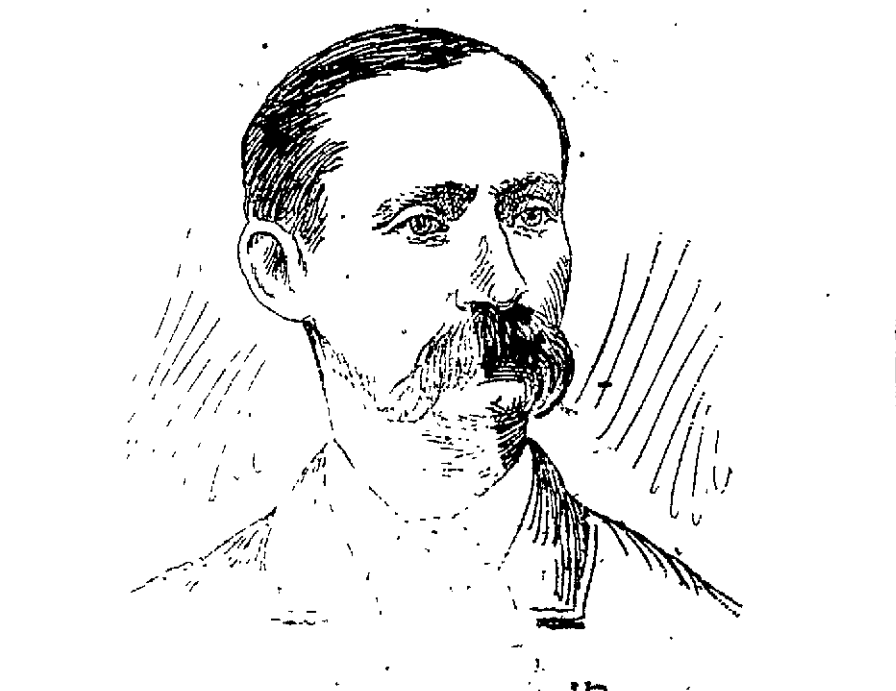
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JOHN THOMAS WATERHOUSE.

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The deceased leaves a widow and eight children. Fred, the oldest son, is cashier in his father's store; Ernest is studying medicine in the College of Physicians in New York; John is at Princeton College, from which institution he will graduate in June, and George is a junior in the same college. The four daughters are at home, the youngest attending Punahou.

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He came in contact, from the business man of capital and influence to men in the most humble walks of life.

He was devoted to the interests of Central Union church and was always consulted in matters concerning the welfare of that institution. In business, as well as social life, he will be sadly missed.

The funeral, conducted by H. H. Williams, will take place from his late residence on Wylie street at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

NEW MEMORIAL HALL.

Hon. C. R. Bishop's Gift to Kamehameha School.

Architect Ripley is soon to begin work on plans and specifications for a new memorial chapel for Kamehameha School. This new hall is to be the gift of Hon. C. R. Bishop, and will cost between \$50,000 and \$60,000. It will be located near the King street entrance to the boys' school, so that it will be easy of access for the members of all the departments.

The edifice will be used solely as an assembly hall for church services and entertainments and will be large enough to easily accommodate all the members of both the boys' and girls' school.

The present assembly hall will be used for school work. The new building will be of stone and will be a substantial and attractive addition to the buildings of the institution.

SUGAR FROM EGYPT.

Going Into Atlantic Ports in Good Quantities.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17.—Twelve thousand three hundred tons of sugar are now afloat on the way to this port from Alexandria, Egypt. These cargoes are on board of British tramp steamers, and are due here about March 1st. The importation of large quantities of Egyptian sugar is a new thing, made necessary through the apprehension that the Cuban crops, by reason of the war, will be very poor. In addition to this large quantity, considerable sugar is being shipped from Hamburg in British steamships and from Honolulu in American clipper ships.

Last season Ike L. Hall, druggist of West Lebanon, Indiana, sold four gross of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and says every bottle of it gave perfect satisfaction. For sale by all druggists and dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., Agents H. I.

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He said that since 1841 England had seven times changed the line marking the limit of her claim. In the face of these facts, how could it be contended by Great Britain that the Schomburgk line was outside the pale of arbitration? Having expressed dissatisfaction at Lord Granville's treatment of the question in 1881, he protested against the assumption that the action of the United States Government was only an election dodge. We ought not to judge the action of the Government, the speaker continued, by President Cleveland and Secretary Olney's dispatches, but by the friendly representations received subsequently.

Sir William Vernon Harcourt, the Liberal leader in the House of Commons, spoke as follows:

"I believe the real points of difference between the two Governments are insignificant. But nothing is so dangerous as to leave disputes of this kind to the ignorant prejudices of the people, who do not understand the question. I venture to suggest to Atherly-Jones that, after the statement the Government has made, it would be useless to pursue his motion to a division, which would entirely misrepresent the feeling of the House, besides doing infinite injury in America. I see no manner of settling this question except to encourage support of the Government in a course which, if followed, will most speedily and successfully lead to a good understanding between England and the United States." (Cheers.)

Atherly-Jones then withdrew his amendment.

John Dillon objected to the withdrawal, and an altercation with the Speaker ensued, but the latter refused to uphold the objection.

Embassador Bayard had an interview with the Marquis of Salisbury on the subject of the Venezuelan boundary dispute.

MACEO IN HAVANA PROVINCE.

Rebels Again Advancing Toward the Spanish stronghold.

HAVANA, Feb. 17.—Antonio Maceo is fairly within the province of Havana and east of the Batabano trenches, and if he has not joined forces with Gomez, he is in a position to do so when he pleases. Large forces of insurgents are also within the reach of Matanzas province, where they are overrunning the country and doing much damage. The whereabouts of Maximo Gomez is not known, as he has not led any large aggressive movements for some time. He seems to have lapsed into a condition of seeming apathy, like that which characterized his stay in Puerto Principe, while Antonio Maceo was waging an energetic campaign in Santiago de Cuba. As that period of seeming apathy on Gomez' part terminated with his eruption into Santa Clara, and his dashing march westward almost to the gates of Havana, showing how busy he had been in making effective preparations, the authorities do not allow themselves to count much upon his present quietude.

The last reported of Gomez he was in the neighborhood of Antonio de Las Vegas, a little west of the center of Havana province. This town has been, to a large extent, the headquarters of the insurgents for some time past, and has been in their hands. In fact, a number of the officials of the town went over to the insurgents.

GERMANS AGREE TO ARGUE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The President today sent to Congress the correspondence with the German Government relating to the exclusion of American insurance companies from Germany. The German Government consents to reopen the question.

MASSACRED 25,000.

Blue Book on Armenian Outrages. Horrible Record.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Another Blue Book on Armenia was published today, the dispatches covering the period between September 3, 1893 and February 11, 1896. It contains data prepared by the committee of delegates from the Embassies of the six powers, showing the total number of persons massacred, concerning whose fate accurate information has been obtained, is 25,000.

The Under Secretary of the Foreign Office, George N. Curzon, replying in the House of Commons today to questions, said the powers had not informed Russia that her occupation of Armenia would not be objected to. Such occupation, he added, without the consent of the Sultan, would be in violation of the treaties of Paris and Berlin. Curzon also said the statement of the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, Prince Lobanoff Rostovsky, that Russia was willing to undertake to maintain order in Armenia was "contemptuous."

COREA'S KING IN RUSSIA.

Takes Refuge in St. Petersburg—Regarded as Significant Move.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—The Herald's special from St. Petersburg says: The young King of Corea has arrived here with the object of seeking the protection of Russia for his country. His visit is being kept a profound secret. Those who have been let into the knowledge of his presence here look upon the news as of high importance in connection with Russia's Eastern policy.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The officials of the Foreign Office confirm the newspaper report, that a detachment of British marines, among others, have been landed at Chemulpo and sent to Seoul, capital of Corea, in order to protect the British Legation there.

TOO BIG TO SUBMIT.

American Claims for Damages in Fiji are Large on Paper.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17. The President today sent a message to the Senate in answer to a resolution of inquiry, transmitting a report from the State Department upon the claim for compensation of B. H. Henry and other citizens of Oregon for lands on the Fiji Islands taken by the British authorities. The report shows that the claimants were rather severely treated by the British commission which adjusted the titles to lands on the islands in the application of very technical rules. Incidentally the Secretary of State calls attention to the fact that he is prevented from submitting all the documents called for by the Senate by reason of their great bulk.

SEXTON WILL NOT LEAD.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—In response to the letter addressed to him by Timothy Healy, Thomas Sexton has finally refused to accept the leadership of the Irish party, notwithstanding Healy's earnest appeal to him to do so and the promise of the hearty support of the Healyites.

YANKEE GIRLS FOREVER.

NICE, Feb. 17.—The second grand battle of flowers took place today on the Promenade des Anglais. The prize winners included Miss Beard-lee of New York and the Misses North of Chicago.

JAMESON TO BE COURT-MARTIALED.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Times says there is reason to believe all the officers holding the Queen's commission who were concerned in the Jameson raid will be court-martialed.

FINE JERSEY CATTLE.

Several Thoroughbred Calves Offered for Sale by Mr. Irwin.

The attention of owners of farm and dairy stock is called to the advertisement of Mr. W. G. Irwin, in which he offers for sale several thoroughbred Jersey bull calves from foundation stock imported directly from the island of Jersey. The calves offered by Mr. Irwin are the progeny of the bulls "South View Lad" and "Una's King," and the cows "Fancy Bess," "Princesse de Bonne Nuit," "Bijou 5th" and "Spartan Maid," all of which are registered in both the "Jersey Herd Book" of Jersey and in the "Pacific Coast Jersey Cattle Club" of California, and were all imported for Mr. Irwin by Mr. W. M. Giffard direct from Jersey, Channel Islands, via Liverpool and around the Horn, in the ship Fyfehire in 1891.

Since their arrival in Honolulu these Jerseys have been herded by themselves at Mr. Irwin's Jersey stock farm at Waikiki, and have more than satisfied the owner in his expectation of the breed, which is renowned as the best farm and dairy cattle in the world. The bull calves offered for sale are guaranteed thoroughbred pedigreed stock.

THE ST. PAUL IN GOOD CONDITION.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17. The International Navigation Company has received word from Newport News that the examination of the hull and engines of the St. Paul has been completed and that there is practically no damage to the hull of the ship.

WERE SHORT SESSIONS.

Senate and House Cleaning Up Preliminary Work.

MR. DAMON READY FOR QUESTIONS

Auditor-General Makes His Report.
Hilo Street Bill on Its Way to Investigation—Representatives Willing to Economize on Petitioning.

FRIDAY, Feb. 28.

The Senate held a very short session Friday morning. After the opening preliminaries a communication from the House was read, announcing that the Homestead lease bill had passed that body. The report of the Auditor General was also received.

Senator Rice from the Committee on Printing reported Senator Lyman's bill for the improvement of the streets of Hilo, also official copies of the Homestead lease bill and Current Accounts bill as amended. Minister Damon's bill to provide \$15,000 for the expenses of the Legislature passed the second reading and was referred to the printing committee. The Act to further provide for the payment of current accounts passed the final reading. The bill referring to Homestead leases also passed the third reading. There were no dissenting votes on either bill.

Senator Lyman's Hilo street bill went to the committee on Public Lands and Internal Improvements on the first reading.

The House bill "Authorizing the Minister of the Interior to make a certain class of leases; amending chapter 44 of the Laws of 1876" was read for the first time by title. It was read a second time under suspension of the rules and referred to the committee on Public Lands.

Minister Damon announced that as questions had been asked concerning the relative amount of taxes paid by the island of Hawaii and the other islands, he would state that he was willing to answer the question if it came from the Legislature.

Senator Brown thought such a query ought to come from the Finance Committee and let it rest with them whether the figures should be made public.

Minister Damon replied that the figures would be forthcoming and given to any person or committee the Senate saw fit.

All business having been cleared from the table, the Senate adjourned to Monday.

Auditor-General's Report.

The report of the Auditor-General is very brief. The Auditor protests against the payment of "expenses of the special session of the Legislature, \$13,789 47," without previous approval by the Auditor-General, as being contrary to the closing provisions of Sec. 19 of the Audit Act.

"I called attention in my former report to similar disregard of the law in the previous biennial period; if any reason exists why exception has been made or should be made in the case of expenses of the Legislature, record of the same should be on file in the Auditor's office.

"From June 12th to August 28th last I was absent from the office on account of illness. During this time Mr. George R. Carter, under appointment by the Executive as Deputy Auditor-General, attended faithfully and creditably to the duties of the office.

"In September and October last, at the request of the Executive Council, I made an examination into the accounts of the Honolulu Water Works office, which revealed a shortage of \$6,136 75 during the period from January 1, 1894, to September 24, 1895. I recommended a further examination, but my regular duties precluding the possibility of my conducting it myself, the Executive Council authorized me to secure the services of Mr. F. L. Stolz for the purpose. This I did, and he pursued the investigation from the point at which I had left off, back to January 1, 1892, and discovered a further shortage of \$1683.30; these shortages were reported by me to the Executive Council, with the result that the clerk of the Water Works Office was apprehended for embezzlement, and the Government was reimbursed in the amount of its losses, as far as the investigation into the accounts had revealed the same.

After completing the investigation of the Water Works accounts, I was directed by the Executive Council to ask Mr. Stolz to examine the accounts of the Board of Education; this course was pursued, and the result embodied in a lengthy report by Mr. Stolz, transmitted by me on January 22, 1896, to the Executive Council, in which it was shown that the handling of the funds received and expended by the Bureau of Public Instruction, and the book-keeping in connection therewith, was not in efficient and careful hands, and that some readjustment of the affairs of that bureau was advisable.

"These instances emphasize the recommendations of my former report regarding the much to be desired improvement of the auditing department of the Government. I would earnestly call your attention again to those recommendations, and I hope the consideration of the question, which will be brought about by the report of the commission appointed at the special session to formulate and lay before you a revised audit law, will result in placing the auditing department of the Government on a basis of greater efficiency and wider usefulness."

Auditor Laws includes in his report the usual statement of taxes collected throughout the Republic during the year just ended; also, a comparative statement for the years 1888 to 1895 inclusive.

House of Representatives.

House met at 10 a.m. and opened with prayer by Rev. J. Waimanu.

Clerk read minutes of previous session, which, on motion, were adopted as read.

The Clerk read a communication from the Auditor-General on submitting his annual report.

On motion of Rep. Winston, it was ordered laid on the table to be considered later.

Rep. Hanuana referred to the resolution passed a few days ago relative to the translating of the report of the Board of Health on the cholera epidemic. Under a suspension of rules, he moved a reconsideration of the vote. Carried.

Rep. Richards, as one of the printing committee, stated that the translation and printing would cost \$300, and Mr. Hanuana had expressed a wish that the vote be reconsidered on the score of economy.

Rep. Winston, from the Committee on Commerce, read the committee report favoring House Bill No. 2, authorizing the opening of Kealahou as an additional port of entry.

Rep. Richards moved that the report be laid on the table to be considered with the bill.

Rep. Kamaoia amended the motion to read "to be made special order of the day." Carried, and bill passed second reading and ordered typewritten.

Secretary read Senate Bill No. 3, relating to biennial periods. Passed unanimously.

Rep. Robertson gave notice that a meeting of the joint committee on foreign relations would meet in the Foreign office at 2 p.m., and the joint committee on Registration bill would meet at 2.30 p.m.

Adjourned.

House of Representatives.

SATURDAY, February 29

Rep. Richards reported House Bill No. 2, relating to the creation of an additional port of entry in the collection district of Kealahou, Hawaii, printed.

Rep. Hanuana gave notice of his intention to introduce an Act amending Sections 384 and 385 of the Civil Code, relating to sea fisheries.

House Bill No. 2, relating to the creation of an additional port of entry and departure of foreign vessels in the collection district of Kealahou, Hawaii, passed its final reading unanimously.

At 10.20 the House adjourned, no further business being in sight.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the General Postoffice up to February 29, 1896.

GENTLEMEN.

Austin, E (2)
Bolster, A D
Bryant, J
Bennet, R F
Clodd, S
Burkshaw, J
Brown, J W
Costen, A L
Clark, A W
Carr, J
Caton, Mr
Couse, W
Conn, J D
Davis, P
Donnell, M T
Duncan, T
Eanes, J
Evans, W
Fisher, C B
Grogan, J J
Gale, C E
Hofmann, A
Hutchison, W K
Hollander, J
Holliken, G W
Hightman, H
Houghaling, G (2)
Johnston, W H
Johnson, C
Johns, N F
Jensen, F
Johnson, A
Kapahulu Diary
Kenney, P
Kifu, L J
Lawson, G
Lahan, P
Lunn, J
Low, A F
Lewis, H T
Lewis, W R
Meyer, A W (2)
Mitchell, C
Mechanics' Home
Macy, J M
McLain, G R
McKean, E B
Nicholson Bros.
O'Rourke, J
Prestige, J
Purdy, W J
Parke, Jr, J
Phillips, F
Ryan, M
Roberts, W
Reiley, G O
Rice, W B
Scott, J L
Smith, J W
Smith, A T
Scott, D S
Scharsch, J
Springour, A B
Sharet, W T
Scott, J F
Swinton, W
Shand
Scotchland, G
Turner, Mr
Tommy, Capt
Tanner, C
Valpoon, Chas (2)
Wallace, C
Waterson, H
Wright, W
Widwold, (2)
Wessels, G (2)
Wood, G
Walker, J R
Wright, H A
Yonge, R

Griggs, Mr

Houston, J
Hoffmann, G
Hughes, H P
Harvey, H C
Hart, H J
Heitman, H
Johnston, C
Jeanson, J
Jones, P A
Jolliver, F

King, J
Knapp, Mr
Karstens, A
Lee, E (2)
Lee, F (2)
Leach, Mr
Lyett, Jr, J
Leonard, H

Muller, J W
Mitchell, L
Marsh, D
Moreer, G O
McKay, W A
McLain, A W
Newman, G G

Plance, C
Patzig, H
Phillips

Rathke, Mr
Robinson, J
Roesch, M

Steward, T
Smith, H H
Spencer, W
Scott, D S
Schmidt, L
Stanley, H
Stewart, W
Sheffer, T L
Signet, L
Summeas, Mr
Slade, G A
Toomey, Capt D (2)
Thomas, H

Wagner, E
William, W P
Woodford, C
Wilkinson, T H
Wailon, M
Whipple, C J
Warren, W J
Wood, S

REGISTRY BUSINESS.

Bridges, Col E S (2)
Kiesel, T
Richardson, Mons

LADIES.

Alexander, Mrs E M
Barton, Mrs
Benjamin, Mrs
Besterbough Mrs D S
Boyd, Mrs W
Brooks, Miss
Carter, Miss H
Cook, Mrs A
Cooper, Mrs S
Cook, Mrs J
Dover, Miss L
Doleak, Mrs
Enrickson, Mrs E
Fancy, I
Foster, Mrs H
Gibson, Mrs U
Grandell, Mrs J
Heldbrand, Mrs
Hopkins, Mrs C L
Hornor, Miss I (2)
Holt, Mrs L

Austin, Mrs
Brown, Miss A
Brush, Miss S (2)
Baker, Mrs
Barnet, Mrs I A
Brum, Mrs K M
Cavalough, Mrs
Campbell, Mrs M
Carwright, Mrs T
Davis, Mrs C A
Fuller, Mrs J S
Gilliland, Mrs F (2)
Harrison, Miss L
Hopkins, Mrs
Hutchinson, Miss C L



WARNINGS THAT MUST BE HEEDED.

Loung, Mrs F I
Mitchell, Miss L
McCurry, Mrs F
Martin, Mrs E C
Mitchell, Mrs M K
Napoleon, Mrs A
Oliver, Mrs Dr
Rice, Miss A
Shaw, Mrs J T
Smith, Miss K (2)
Thompson, Mrs
Turner, Mrs G
Valpoon, Mrs E
Walton, Mrs E
Wright, Mrs D H
Wagner, Mrs K

Mills, Mrs E
Morgan, Mrs P C
Masco, Mrs R
McDonald, Mrs R
Ottman, Mrs M
Schmeden, Mrs A
Smith, Miss E
Taylor, Mrs G
Taylor, Mrs F B (2)
Wilson, Mrs
Wond, Mrs H

Parties inquiring for letters in the above list will please ask for "Advertised Letters."

JOS. M. OAT,
Postmaster-General.
General Postoffice, Honolulu, February 29, 1896.

The steamer Wiamansalo has been purchased by the Inter-Island company and will run on the Oahu route. Captain Calway will remain in command. A new crew, with the exception of the engineer and fireman, will probably be put on the Waimanalo.

Your Stock

Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

HAY AND GRAIN

BOUGHT OF US

Is the very best at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

CALIFORNIA FEED COMPANY

Nuuanu and Queen Streets.

TELEPHONE 124.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pumps, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Railways and Hoists; also furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to 20 miles.

Electric power being used saves the labor of hauling coal in your field, also water, and does away with high-priced engineers, and only have one engine to look after in your mill.

Where water power is available it costs nothing to generate Electric Power.

THE HAWAIIAN ELECTRIC COMPANY is now ready to furnish Electric Plants and Generators of all descriptions at short notice, and also has on hand a large stock of Wire, Chandeliers and all Electrical Goods.

All orders will be given prompt attention, and estimates furnished for Lighting and Power Plants; also attention is given to House and Marine Wiring.

THEO. HOFFMAN, Manager.

When Ordering Oil, ask your Agents to send you
Tropic Cylinder Oil
Tropic Engine Oil
Tropic Machinery Oil
and you will have the BEST Lubricating Oil for Sugar Mill and your Engines.
E. O. HALL & SON.
HONOLULU, H. I.

PATTERNS AND PRICES

Of the following dress goods will be sent to any address on request, viz:

FRENCH DRESS FABRICS, Imported direct from Paris, LOVELY DESIGNS.

SCOTCH GINGHAMS In checks and stripes. : : : : NICE TINTS.

NAVY BLUE and GREY SERGES, Just the thing for walking and riding SKIRTS.

All Enquiries Cheerfully Answered.

L. B. KERR, P.O. BOX 306 HONOLULU

OH!
:- This is Good
So pleased I can get
GOOD TOBACCO
—AT—

Hollister & Co.,
CORNER FORT AND MERCHANT STREET S.

SEE THEIR

SMOKERS' ARTICLES IN SILVER

AND THEIR

Smoking Stands. Cheap.

The PACIFIC HOSPITAL STOCKTON, CAL.

—UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF—
DR. P. P. CLARK, Medical Supt. DR. G. A. SUGGLES, Asst. Physician. DR. C. CLARK, Dent.



PRIVATE HOSPITAL for the CURE and TREATMENT of MENTAL and NERVOUS DISEASES, MORPHINE and COCAINE HABITS.

THIS Proprietary Institution known as The Pacific Hospital is especially devoted to the cure and treatment of Mental and Nervous Diseases. The buildings are spacious and comfortable, having been constructed for the accommodation of over 200 patients, and are pleasantly situated in the suburbs of Stockton, and surrounded by attractive grounds of 40 acres in extent, with cultivated gardens and pleasant walks. Its advantages over public institutions in facility of admission and procuring extra accommodations, if required, are obvious. For terms and other particulars apply to the Management. REFERENCES: DR. L. C. LAW, San Francisco; DR. R. H. PLUMMER, San Francisco; DR. W. H. MAY, B. F. ex-Supt. Ins. Asylum Hospital, San Francisco; DR. R. A. McLEAN, San Francisco; DR. A. B. TRUSS, San Francisco; DR. G. A. SUGGLES, Asst. Supt. State Insane Asylum, 1890-91.

Novelty
—OF—
Honesty

You read our advertisements from week to week. You read others. All leave more or less impression on your mind. Startling bargains are told of here and there, and yet our plain statement of honest facts and prices have made us what we are today, the

LEADING
FURNITURE DEALERS

We want your trade, and solicit your trade on these grounds only: that you will find everything as represented. When we say our prices are the lowest, they are the lowest. When we say our goods are better made, we know it, and so do you. When there is a defect in a piece of our Furniture, we tell you; if it escapes us, we want you to tell us. Consider these things in buying. Come and see us. It is worth considerable to feel confidence in the man you are dealing with, and our 20 years experience and dealings with the public should be evidence enough that we are selling

Honest Goods

— AT —
Honest Prices.

That everything is just as we state it. New Goods continually arriving direct from the manufacturer.

HOPP & CO.,

Furniture Dealers,
CORNER KING AND BETHEL STS.



TISSUE PAPER

A new lot of Tissue Paper, Flower Materials now on hand, comprising

DENNISON'S -:- CREPE

—AND—

Plain Tissue Papers.

Covered Wire and Tubing, Higgins and Columbia Paste, Violet Leaves and Petals, Daisy and Rose Leaves, Card Board Frames and Boxes; Also a fresh Supply of

'Artists' Materials.

Picture Frames made to order at 'Frisco prices.

KING BROS.,
HOTEL STREET.

J. S. WALKER,

General Agent the Hawaiian Islands,

Royal Insurance Company,

Alliance Assurance Company; Alliance Marine and General Insurance Company.

WILHELMA OF MADDEBURG

INSURANCE COMPANY.

San Luis Insurance Company of Canada.

Room 12, Spreckels' Block, Honolulu, H. I.

MRS. H. HERBERT

LABOR -:- BUREAU

308 Merchant Street.

TELEPHONE 139.

GONSALVES & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

—AND—
WINE MERCHANTS.

25 Queen Street, Honolulu, H. I.

A SHIPWRECKED CREW.

The Mattie E. Dyer Lost February 22d.

WRECKED ON FRENCH FRIGATE.

Twenty-three Men and all Saved.
Two Boats Out Four Days—One
Seven and One Eight—Not a
Drop of Water to Drink.

The Inter-Island steamer Ke Au Hou arrived from Kauai yesterday morning with Captain Mockler and crew, numbering in all twenty-three men, of the sealing schooner Mattie E. Dyer, wrecked on French Frigate.



Shoals at 3.30 o'clock on the morning of February 22.

According to the captain, the wreck was due to south-west currents. At the time of the accident the vessel was steering a true S.W. course and the wind was blowing to the westward, and, he believed, was at least eighty

of some kind, while the fourth had nothing and was taken in tow by one of the others.

Six or eight hours were spent in an effort to get through the surf, but before it was accomplished the men were drenched by the spray. Those who were without oilskins suffered considerably in one respect, while in another the captain attributes their not suffering from thirst to the fact that they were wet from the time they left the wreck until they reached Niihau.

The boats manned by the captain and mate, and having six men in each, came up on the beach at Niihau, in almost the same place, four days and four hours after leaving the shoals. The third boat, commanded by the hunter, arrived three days later and only twelve miles from where the first two boats landed.

In the meantime the captain and crews of the other boats had been looked after by the natives, and Mr. Moore, a white man, had been taking care of them. Directly the men got ashore, and three of the sailors had to be carried, the natives gave them food and clothing. Captain Mockler was without shoes and was given a pair by a native, and others gave the men whatever they could supply them with. Mr. Moore was notified and as

The men were taken charge of here by the American Consul and are in very comfortable quarters at the sailors' home.

The accompanying chart was drawn for the ADVERTISER by F. G. Eaton-Walker as he remembers the location of the shoals when he visited there in the Kaaloka about three years ago. The island marked A is the largest of fourteen located within the reef. Most of these islands are merely sand piles without vegetation, indeed there is little vegetation on the large one which is of coral.

When the chart was shown Captain Mockler and Mate Walker yesterday they disputed it as they were steering a true southwest course when the vessel struck, and they believed the rock to be on the north side of the reef.

According to Mate Walker's record the schooner was lying southwest of the island and the rock was southeast by south half south.

Minister King, who visited the island when it was annexed says the rock is almost due south from the flag pole. Just how the vessel happened to go ashore where she did while running on a true southwest

the same mission, and they were within sight of each other all the time. He told how some of the honors intended for the young princes had fallen upon his own party, and how on the Fourth of July, through the shrewdness of his dragoman his party had secured the only available place for luncheon on that day's journey, and their Royal Highnesses were, per force of this circumstance, obliged to eat luncheon with the American while the stars and stripes floated from the top of the tent-pole.

The lecture was illustrated by views taken by one of Mr. Birnie's companions on the tour, and were appropriate in every way to the lecture. One of them, a representation of Jacob's well, which, by the way, much resembled the entrance to the underground lake at John Ena's at Kamohi. Mr. Birnie said it was the one spot in Palestine where they felt certain Jesus had once stood, the other places prominent in the Bible and in the life of Christ seem to have been covered up with ruins and by the action of time.

Another view represented a well and a group of women with water



FOUR OF THE CREW.

course is hard to determine. Official charts were not obtainable yesterday to verify Mr. Walker's drawing and he was willing, after hearing the statements of the captain and mate, to think the shoal was more crescent shape than he had drawn it.

He was well satisfied that the vessel went ashore where it is marked because there is deep water all around on the north, and if the small boats had attempted to go through the breakers from that side they would not have lived to reach the island. There is only one passage through the reef and that is a little to the eastward of where the schooner went ashore. This is broad enough to allow an ordinary schooner to pass in and one could go quite close to the big island and get a good anchorage.

The wrecked Mattie E. Dyer was built in the East by Captain Dyer, a large ship owner and named after his daughter who is an artist of some note in the United States. Captain Mockler bought the vessel in 1889 and brought her alone to the Pacific Coast. He was sole owner of the craft.

This was the fourth trip of the schooner to the sealing grounds and if they have not met with misfortune would have reached there about the 10th of March. The vessel was of 103 tons and was valued at \$15,000.

Mate Walker was a school mate of Captain Thompson of the Ke Au Hou but they have not met before for years. Walker was second mate of the City of New York when she went ashore in San Francisco bay twenty-four minutes after she left the dock. He has been shipwrecked four times and has never yet lost a man.

Out of the crew of twenty-three P. E. Peterson, the hunter, Hayden and J. Berry have been here before.

THROUGH PALESTINE.

Rev. D. P. Birnie Lecture Saturday Night.

AN INTERESTING DISCOURSE.

Stereoscopic Views Manipulated by Mr. Hedemann—Spots Where the Saviour Stood—Jacob's Well—Ancient and Modern Damascus.

About one hundred and fifty people were at Y. M. C. A. Hall Saturday night to hear Rev. D. P. Birnie lecture on Palestine and the Holy Land.

Mr. Birnie prefaced his lecture by remarking that the subject would have to be divided, as there was not time to describe his travels thoroughly, that he would take the other half two weeks later. He told of the difficulties of travel in the far East owing to the lack of railway facilities, but added that arrangements could be made with the dragomen whereby much of the rough edge of a journey through the land where the Saviour had lived could be taken off.

While Mr. Birnie and his three companions were making the tour the sons of the Prince of Wales were on

cities, and, while the comparison may be homely, these ruins have a striking likeness to the adobe villages of the Aztecs of Mexico.

Some of the scenes in the lecture were decidedly romantic and conveyed the impression to the audience that Palestine was not the sun-dried land throughout that some of the views would indicate.

A picture of much interest showed a town with its ancient and modern sides; the ruins of one building standing at the side of another of more modern architecture, while at the top of the hill on which the city was built a handsome and commodious structure, used by a religious body, stood sentinel-like guarding the buildings of the sacred place. "While there is no authentic record of the fact," said Mr. Birnie, "there is no question that Christ had once worked as a carpenter in one of these buildings."

Views taken in Damascus represented palaces of the Jews and the Pashas, some of which were marvels of architectural beauty. He spoke of the hospitality of these people and how prompt they were in complying with the requests of tourists to be shown through the premises.

In some instances, due to financial depression in that part of the world, these palaces were not maintained with that degree of Oriental splendor which characterized them a century ago. The descriptions given of the decorations and the people were quite and interesting.

The stereoscope was operated by Mr. Hedemann and the views thrown on the canvas with distinctness which made them almost life like.

The Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

CASTLE & COOKE

LIMITED.

Importers

Hardware

GENERAL

MERCHANDISE.

We wish to call your attention to the following goods just received from England:

Sheet Zinc,
Bar Iron,
Anvils,
Fence Wire,
Hydraulic Jacks,
Rain Gauges,
Hubbuck's White Lead,
Hubbuck's White Zinc,
Sauce Pans,
Tea Kettles,
Fish Hooks,
Dog Chains,
Chamois Skins,
Razors; Etc., Etc.

CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd.

IMPORTERS,

Hardware and General Merchandise.

Gasoline \$3.25 per case, delivered.

HONOLULU

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

W. W. WRIGHT, Proprietor.

CARRIAGE BUILDER

AND REPAIRER.

All orders from the other islands in the Carriage Building, Trimming and Painting Line will meet with prompt attention.

P. O. Box 381.

128 and 130 FORT STREET.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection with the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued

To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS:

Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver

Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For tickets and general information apply to

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd.,

Agents Canadian-Australian S.S. Line Canadian Pacific Railway.

HEALDS

BUSINESS COLLEGE,

24 Post Street, - - San Francisco.

FOR SEVENTY-FIVE DOLLARS

This college instructs in Shorthand, Typewriting, Bookkeeping, Telegraphy, Penmanship, Drawing, all the English branches and everything pertaining to business for full six months. We have 16 teachers and give individual instruction to all our pupils.

A Department of Electrical Engineering

Has been established under a thoroughly qualified instructor. The course is thoroughly practical. Send for circular.

C. S. HALEY, Secretary.

COLDS, COUGHS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROAT

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral



Will relieve the most distressing cough, soothe the inflamed membrane, loosen the phlegm, and induce refreshing sleep. For the cure of Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, and all the pulmonary troubles to which the young are so liable, there is no other remedy so effective as

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

A Record of nearly 60 years

Gold Medals at the World's Chief Expositions.

25—The name Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is prominent on the wrapper, and is blown in the glass of each bottle. Take no cheap imitation.

Agents for Honolulu:

Hollister Drug Company, Ltd.



POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE BECORNED COUGH REMEDY. Its immense sale throughout the world attests its extraordinary value.

20,000 CHEMISTS SELL IT.

Those who have not already given it a trial should do so at once.

IN PALACE AND COTTAGE ALIKE, Powell's Balsam of Aniseed is the old and unexcelled COUGH REMEDY. Its large sale throughout the whole civilized world proves its great worth.

LOOSENS THE PHLEGM IMMEDIATELY. NIGHT COUGH QUICKLY BELIEVED. SEE TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH WRAPPER. See the words "Thomas Powell, Blackfriars Road, London," on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations. Established 1854.

QUARTERS AND FARMERS WERE ORDERED TO BUY THEIR STOCKS BEFORE THEY WERE TIME-HONORED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH, POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED.

FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND AND CAFE COLONIES.

Bottles 1s. 1d. and 2s. 3d.

Agents for Honolulu:

Hollister Drug Company, Ltd.



DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

Original and Only Genuine.

COUGHS,

COLDS,

ASTHMA,

BRONCHITIS.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne. Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the INVENTOR OF CHLORODYNE, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to. See The Times, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing sleep WITHOUT HEADACHE, and INVIGORATES the nervous system when exhausted. It is the Great Specific for Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea.

The General Board of Health, London, report that it ACTS as a CHARM, and dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibson, Army Medical Staff, Calcutta, states: "Two doses completely cured me of diarrhoea."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuralgia, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

Important Caution.—The immense sale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations.

N.B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the Government Stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sold in bottles 1s. 1d., 2s. 3d., and 4s. 6d., by all chemists.

Sole Manufacturer, J. T. DAVENPORT.

33 Great Russell Street, London W.C.

Typewriting and Copying.

MISS M. F. LUDRER.

Office—HAWAIIAN AGENCY, 121-123 Corner Fort and Market Streets.

121-123

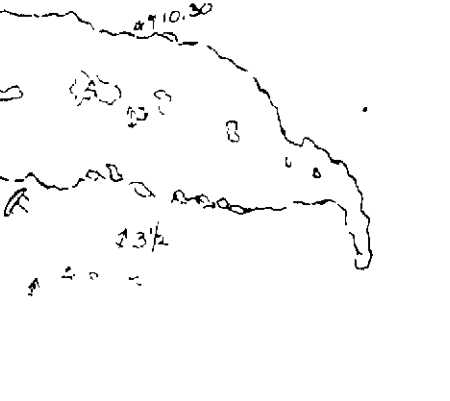
miles to the westward. The wind had been S.W. and W. for ten days.

Directly the look-out heard the surf breaking he was called by one of the men and was on deck when the vessel struck. In less than ten minutes she was full of water and had keeled over on her side.

The orders to fill a boat with water

ing on sugar and put on twenty tons of coal instead and started out with Captain Mockler and Mate Walker to look for the missing boat.

She had been given up by the captain, but no effort could be spared to save the men. The steamer searched all afternoon and until the next day, when the boat was sighted.



FRENCH FRIGATE SHOALS. (Sketch by F. G. Eaton-Walker.)

and provisions was given and she was swung over the side, only to be smashed by the surf. Two others were lowered with the same result. The only thing saved was one case of two dozen tins of assorted pie fruits. These were placed in one of the small boats and taken to one of the largest of the sand islands in the group of fourteen located inside of the coral reef.

They were directed to this island by the presence of the flagstaff erected by Captain King at the time the island was annexed to the Hawaiian group.

The men spent about six hours on the island digging for water, but none was found suitable for drinking purposes. The wind being fair, and as nothing could be gained by remaining on an island where there was neither food or water, the captain divided his canned fruit, allowing six tins to each boat. The orders were given to push out and try and reach Niihau. Three of the boats had nautical instruments

The crew in the small boat sighted the steamer about the same time and changed her course to meet the steamer. When the boat came alongside, several of the men were in a feeble condition. They had been out eight days without either food or water. Through constant drenching, the clothing under their oilskins had almost rotted away. Skin peeled from their backs and faces and their skin puffed out as though they had been poisoned. Captain Thompson and the crew of the Ke Au Hou were unimpaired in their attention to the poor fellows, and did everything in their power to make them comfortable.

One of the eight day men said to a reporter for the ADVERTISER yesterday that he did not feel exhausted when he was picked up, nor was he thirsty. When it was suggested that a diet of tinned fruit—sweet stuff at that—would intensify the thirst, he remarked that a single apple a day would not have that effect.

HAWAIIAN GAZETTE.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. R. FARRINGTON, EDITOR.

TUESDAY, MARCH 3, 1896

It appears that Minister Willis' plans have been changed since the official denial of a few weeks ago, and that he has decided to take a short vacation in the States. Minister Willis has had a hard place to fill during his stay in this country, and a few months recuperation will undoubtedly be thrice welcome.

The editor of Honolulu's latest weekly publication announces that it will be the policy of his paper not to antagonize anyone. This sounds quiet and comfortable, but, if the announcement is carried out to the letter, our contemporary will probably find that, in endeavoring to satisfy everybody, his friends that amount to anything will be few and far between.

If the management of Wirth's Circus have made money for themselves during their stay here, they have also turned a welcome penny to the coffers of many of our local organizations. The people have been amused and no one will be inclined to be jealous of what money the circus may have gained. They have worked hard for it.

AMELIE RIVES CHANLER, after a short season of divorced widowhood, has succeeded in capturing a man with a title, and who spells his name with an itzky. After she gets through spending good American coin on the new husband with a title, she will probably return to her native heath and get out a book giving American girls some good advice that won't recommend human beings with names, but no brains, for husbands.

With Corea's king in St. Petersburg and the men representing Russian influence taking an active hand in the affairs of the peninsula kingdom, it would seem that Russia has not yet given up the land-grab game in the Orient. Though Japan will doubtless fuss and fume and possibly come to blows, it can be only a matter of a comparatively short time before Russia establishes complete suzerainty over Corea and obtain the advantages of all its winter seaports.

SENATOR BROWN says the relative amount of taxes paid and appropriations received by the different islands is a matter within the discretionary powers of the Finance Committee to make public. There is reason why these figures should not be made public. The desire to know the moneys paid to each island may be simply the result of a little rivalry between the islands, but it is a matter in which the public is interested. The Minister of Finance has the comparative figures at his command; has offered to make them public, and we know of no reason why anyone should stand in the way of his doing it.

ALTHOUGH the report of the Auditor-General is much shorter than the one made to the special session, in the few words this official offers, he brings forward very conclusive evidence of the necessity of a revision of the audit law. With the auditing department conducted on a new and business-like system which will at least give the Auditor-General an opportunity to have an eye on the bookkeeping of the departments, there would be no records of embezzlements continuing for nearly four years or continued inefficiency of bookkeeping without some attempt to create a change. The auditing department can and should be made a most efficient arm of the Government.

The report of the Senate Committee on Education, indorsing the slightly increased appropriation for the Bureau of Public Instruction, ought to meet with the approval of both Houses of the Legislature. Of

all places where a parsimonious policy can do the greatest injury, the Department of Public Instruction stands the highest. Improved educational advantages are public improvements that will return a high rate of interest to this country and constitute a field for investment that the country cannot afford to neglect.

It is always with combined feelings of regret and pleasure that a community learns of the retirement of one of its active business men. Success merits congratulation but at the same time the business community never likes to lose the active associates of one of the staunch members. Mr. Alexander Young whose contemplated retirement has been announced has well earned the rest from business cares which he now contemplates. His business career has been a most successful one and although he gives up the personal management of the corporation with which he has been most prominently connected, his capital and progressive influence will continue to be centered here and the people of Hawaii will share in the benefit.

The preliminary report of the Minister of Finance shows that in our country, where the corporation interests are predominant, these interests pay only three-fifths the amount of taxes paid by individuals. When individuals pay direct taxes amounting to \$92,287 76, and corporations, whose returns to the Interior Department show an invested capital of \$27,000,000, pay only \$72,004 61, the people ought to suggest to their representatives that the individuals have carried the major burden long enough. If some of the men who are so anxious for an opium revenue would turn their attention to a more equitable adjustment of the tax system, they would discover a source of revenue that would put opium in the shade. They would at the same time be doing the people of the country a service which would not be questioned as to its good influence and beneficial returns.

FOLLOWING close upon the demonstration, by an evening paper, that opinions may be influenced according to the amount of patronage received, comes the statement that the liquor dealers intend boycotting the ADVERTISER on account of "its apparent antagonism to the liquor interests." One paper having sacrificed all claims to possessing an established principle—except when the principle pays coin—it may be taken for granted that this paper will fall into line if brought under pressure. If certain business men withdraw advertisements from this paper it is their lookout. Gain or loss of advertisements will not influence our policy for or against the liquor or any other interests. We shall treat our friends and those who wish to term themselves our enemies with equal courtesy, though we do not anticipate agreeing with them on every point. Our principles are established, and can be depended upon.

The business activity and the quiet, but powerful, Christian influence of John T. Waterhouse will be sadly missed in this country. Mr. Waterhouse was practically stricken down in the prime of life, though in years he had passed the meridian. Always closely attentive to his business cares up to within a comparatively short time, the news of his death causes a sad and unexpected blow to the community. Coming to this country when a boy, Mr. Waterhouse has proved true to the best interests of the land of his adoption and of his fellow-men. Never a seeker for political preferment, he held many positions of trust and gained the full confidence of the people. In religious labors he was always in the foreground, and his earnest, Christian counsel, coupled with his readiness to ever shoulder a general share of whatever responsibilities might be placed on an active leader, has placed his name prominently in the names of the lead-

ing church workers. Mr. Waterhouse's influence in all the walks of life has been a power for good, and his good works stand, a fitting monument to his name.

WHEN ALL ARE "ABSOLUTELY GOOD."

The query whether, when the millennium is reached and all people are absolutely good, there will be any poor people forms the topic of an interesting discussion in the Chicago Advance, a Congregational publication. It is well said that the question is more curious than practical, and one which the people of this generation or a good many to follow will never see the solution of. The Biblical promise that "the poor shall never cease out of the land" might dishearten the semi-religionists who want the missionaries to stay away from Africa because the poor heathen there will be better off in the next world if they are relieved of the responsibility of ever having been enlightened beyond the most barbarous heathenism. They would let the rich take care of themselves, and the poor make the best of it.

The writer in the Advance, however, seeks to show that the poor, ministered to in the love and wisdom of the Gospel, become the riches of the social fabric. Here, again, those classed as God's poor might raise the objection that their large bank account, in the general uplifting of society, was entirely too theoretical and lacking in the practical returns that minister to physical comforts. But the poor man's conscience is clearer than the one whose responsibilities toward his fellow men are greater simply on account of his wealth. In a strictly moral sense the property of the rich man is constantly encumbered with the wants of the poor, and he is constantly scheming to pay his debts. "Stewardship is the solution of our problems of rich and poor, capital and labor, the wise and the unwise, and not some pagan device to oppress or annihilate the poor, nor some communistic scheme to scale possessions down to a dead level by which the souls of men would become equally dead. And this is no hardship—except to avarice. What we ourselves are to become depends in large measure on the use we shall make of the poor. If commerce treats the poor as utilities, it becomes hard and dehumanized; if culture treats the poor with contempt, it becomes narrow, selfish and punctiliously coarse; a ministry that does not minister to the poor is leavened with the leaven of the Pharisees and Sadducees. Wealth broadens, strengthens and purifies when it is consecrated: culture dignifies in proportion to its lowliness, and its height is measured by the breadth of its sympathies."

It is undoubtedly healthful, moral exercise to contemplate what classes will be reckoned as poor, and what the conditions will be when all people are "absolutely good." Although it is reaching after infinity, it has a tendency to cause people to remember that there is something besides a commercial scale on which to base their thought and action, and an equitable division of dollars and cents will not complete the happiness of mankind."

SUGAR PRODUCTION PER ACRE.

When the enthusiastic people of Hawaii want to enlarge on the excellence of this country as a land for producing sugar, one of the first things that is flaunted to the breeze is the remarkable yield of ten tons to the acre that has been recorded in a few districts of the islands. We appreciate fully the spirit in which these statements are made, and know full well that the intention is to spread abroad a good impression of the sugar-producing capacity of the country. Such extensive use has been made of these extreme figures, however, that an incorrect impression has gone abroad, and while it may, even in its falsity, prove a passing benefit in one way or another, it finally does the commercial interests far more harm than good.

Planters of Louisiana, for instance, do not have an especially friendly feeling toward our reciprocity, and a coalition of Hawaiian and American interests when they are laboring under the impression that Hawaiian lands produce ten tons of sugar to the acre, while they have to struggle to get one ton from the same area. Aside from the direct injury such misrepresentation may do, it may be put down as a general rule that oversanguine representations are not beneficial in the end.

Professor Maxwell, in his position as director of the experimental station established by the Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association, has come to know the injury that has been and may be wrought by false statements, and has taken steps to obtain an official figure of the average yield of sugar per acre for the manufacturing season of 1894-95, with the following result:

Number of acres of cane man-	47,399
Number of tons (2000 lbs) of	
sugar made.....	158,419
Number of pounds of sugar	
made per acre.....	6,472

This statement is the only absolutely accurate official statement that has ever been issued from the country, as it includes every pound of sugar sent from the mill, whether exported or used by the plantation laborers. It will thus be seen that while there are lands which will give wonderful yields our general average drops to about three tons to the acre. It should also be called to mind that the Hawaiian crop is, on an average, eighteen months in growth, while the crops of Louisiana and other sugar producing sections occupy the ground only nine months. The nine months' crop of Louisiana cane averages 2600 pounds of sugar to the acre.

In this connection it is interesting to note the average sugar yields in the best sugar countries as given from the latest British consular reports. Germany leads with an average of 3330 pounds of sugar to the acre; next follows Belgium, with 3000 pounds; then France, with 2900 pounds; Austria, with 2555, and finally Russia, with an average of 1742 pounds to the acre. Hawaii has an advantage in the biennial crop as against the annual crops of competitors, but the truths told in official figures demonstrate that we are not so far above our competitors as current rumor might lead many to suppose, and we would suggest that when the enthusiasts are filled with a desire to boast on Hawaiian sugar production, they temper their statements with the facts as displayed by unquestionable figures—figures that show a healthy condition, which is more to be desired than a record of unreliable extremes.

UNITED STATES BOND ISSUE.

If offers of money are proof of patriotism, the recent popular loan on the last bond issue made by Secretary Carlisle of the United States Treasury leaves no question of the high regard the American people have for their country's honor. The call for this last loan of \$100,000,000 on 4 per cent. thirty-year bonds was made on January 6th last. When the bids for the purchase of the bonds were opened on February 5th, offers had been received for five times the amount of the loan. The bonds, which are to be redeemable in coin, are to be issued in denominations of \$50 or multiples of that sum, as desired by the purchaser. They will be dated February 1, 1895, and will mature on February 1, 1925. This is the fourth bond issue during the present Administration, and although the Secretary of the Treasury was practically forced by Congress to make a popular loan, instead of dealing the lot out to a monied syndicate, it has been the most successful and reassuring of any Government loan made in many years.

For the first 5 per cent. loan made in February, '94, 238 bids were made, representing over fifty-two millions of dollars. The larger portion of this amount was bid in at the upset price of \$117,223. The amount awarded was fifty millions, on

which the United States Government realized a premium of over eight and one-half millions. The \$50,000,000 bond issue of November, '94 was all taken up by the Morgan bond syndicate at \$117.077, the Government realizing a premium of \$8,548,500. The gold purchase of February, '95, payable in United States 4 per cent. bonds, was also captured by the Morgan syndicate at the rate of \$104.496 per \$100, the Government thus realizing a premium of \$2,800,844. In this last deal the syndicate realized an interest of 3 13-16 per cent.

It is not surprising that the cry of possible fraud is raised in connection with previous loans, when under this last popular loan two-thirds of the accepted bids range above \$110.6877, showing that the bidders are satisfied with an interest which amounts to less than 3 1/2 per cent. But whatever this bond issue may suggest by way of reflection on the previous deals of the Administration, it demonstrates with absolute and gratifying certainty that the purse of the people of the United States is open to their government; that the government has no need to look beyond its own shores to supply its gold shortage; that the people of the country are confident of the sound financial condition of their country and are prepared to come to its assistance at all times.

THE SONS OF VETERANS.

The New Order Getting Into Line.

CAMP G. C. WILTZE ORGANIZED.

Officers Appointed Last Night—The Vets Society Will Grow—Enthusiasm Among the Members—Invitation to the Grand Army Republic.

At the office of Dr. J. S. McGrew last evening the following named sons of veterans of the American civil war took the preliminary step towards the formation of a Sons of Veterans camp in the Hawaiian Islands, the only organization of its kind outside the United States: Louis K. McGrew, Louis Adler, Jr., F. E. Lynn, A. L. Patterson, L. Perkins, J. W. Short, C. B. Mangus, Geo. Dillingham and G. Overbeck.

Mr. McGrew was made chairman and the first business of the meeting was the election of officers, Mr. McGrew being made elected captain, F. E. Lynn first lieutenant, and J. W. Short second lieutenant. For camp council the names of Messrs. Patterson, Mangus and Dillingham were proposed and passed upon. After a short discussion it was decided that the name of the camp be "G. C. Wiltze No. 4," in honor of the late gallant commander of the U. S. S. Boston. The camp will operate under the California Division of Sons of Veterans, U. S. A. The camp council, acting with the captain, were instructed to secure a place for installation of officers at an early date, invitations to be extended to Geo. W. De Long Post, G. A. R., to attend the function.

The infantile camp of the Sons of Veterans exhibited signs of good health at the meeting, if enthusiasm of the projectors was a criterion. All were fervent in expressions of loyalty to the cause for which their organization stands.

The entire issue of yesterday's ADVERTISER having been exhausted an extra number of the semi-weekly GAZETTE, out today will be printed. It will contain a vast amount of interesting news.

Not To Be Trifled With.

(From Circular Gazette.)
Will people never learn that a cold is an accident to be dreaded, and that when it occurs treatment should be promptly applied? There is no knowing where the trouble will end; and while complete recovery is the rule, the exceptions are terribly frequent, and thousands upon thousands of fatal illnesses occur every year ushered in by a little injudicious exposure and seemingly trifling symptoms. Be on this, there are today countless invalids who can trace their complaints to "colds," which at the time of occurrence gave no concern, and were therefore neglected.—When troubled with a cold use Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is prompt and effective, 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by all druggists and dealers. BENSON, SMITH & Co., Agents for H. I.

MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

Business Transacted and Important Paper Presented.

At a meeting of the Medical Association of Hawaii held in the office of Dr. Myers, Masonic Temple, last night, there were present, Drs. McGrew (chairman), Myers, (secretary), Herbert, Russel, Wood, Cooper, Weddick, Rodgers and Ryder.

Copies of the constitution and by-laws of the association were distributed to the various physicians present, and the following committee were appointed:

Nomination of Officers—Drs. Russel, Wood and Cooper.

Program—Same as executive committee.

Social Entertainment—Drs. Herbert, Cooper and Wood, with Dr. McGrew as ex-officio chairman.

Publication and Finance—Same as executive committee.

The executive committee as appointed at a previous meeting is composed of Drs. McGrew, Myers, Russel, Alvarez and Howard.

Dr. Russel read a paper which contained a list of suggestions regarding the most practical, local and scientifically interesting questions to be investigated by the society. This was ordered published and sent to all the physicians on the other islands.

The association decided to hold its next meeting in Honolulu some time during the month of May.

The Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

FINE HORSE FOR SALE.

AN OPPORTUNITY TO PURCHASE A fine blooded driving animal, perfectly gentle and sound in every respect, is offered in a bay gelding by Maria, 8 years old, dam, Kitten V by Volunteer. The horse is a fine driver and gives evidence of being very fast. The animal is now in the hands of an experienced trainer.

For particulars, apply to CHARLES DAVID, At Kapiolani Park Track, 4240-2w.

FILTERS.

The report of the executive officer of the Board of Health relative to the condition of the Nuuanu reservoirs is suggestive of something dangerous to health. It also suggests filters, good filters, something that will effectually separate the water from mud and filth.

Nature has done much toward providing the people with necessities: it has also done a little toward securing for the people, luxuries. In some localities a filter is a luxury, in others, Honolulu for instance, it is a necessity, but the natural filters that are sold have been much improved by the ingenuity of man.

Charcoal is admitted to be the most thorough purifying agent known, consequently Messrs. Slack & Brownlow selected it for use in the manufacture of their filters. And we are the agents for this particular brand of filter in Honolulu, a sufficient guarantee, by the way, of the character of the article.

The latest invoices show three different styles of the S. & B. Filters and these we have in stock, just opened them, in fact, and we want your attention.

No. 1, (we will call it No. 1) is fitted with a movable plate, so that when necessary, the carbon may be taken out and washed. It has also a movable lining allowing access to every part of the interior, which may be kept perfectly sweet and clean.

No. 2 and 3 are provided with the same conveniences for cleaning as the other, but they have the important addition that every part, including the pure water chamber, is accessible, giving them all the requirements of a "Perfect Filter."

The price of the S. & B. filter is below the others. You should have one, because it is a necessity.

PACIFIC HARDWARE CO.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

The advertised letter list appears today.

C. Brewer & Co. have a full line of J. E. Miller's fertilizers.

A number of the Cook's tourists visited Ewa plantation yesterday.

A dividend on the capital stock of the Ewa Plantation Co. stock is due and payable today.

The stockholders in the Ewa Plantation Co. received a two per cent. dividend yesterday.

Minister Willis has confirmed the report regarding his departure for the States on April 15th.

Mr. Samuel Parker accompanied the remains of his son, Palmer, on the steamer Likelike yesterday.

Mrs. J. O. Dominis went to Pearl City yesterday by the 9:15 train and drove from there to Waiialua.

Charles David has six horses in training at the track now. Some of these are the property of Paul Isenberg.

O Pacifico, a new Portuguese paper of which J. M. Teixeira is editor, made its first appearance on Saturday last.

Professor James W. Price, the aeronaut, has joined the Wirth Circus Company and will leave with it for Japan.

The publication of the Friend will be delayed until the end of the week on account of the illness of Rev. S. E. Bishop.

The ladies of Lihue, Kauai, have formed a reading club, which will hold weekly meetings at the homes of various members.

The Club Stables property sold at receiver's sale on Saturday, brought \$6300. E. G. Schumann was the purchaser.

Charles David offers a thoroughbred horse for sale. Particulars may be obtained from Mr. David at the Kapiolani Park track.

E. O. Hall & Son call attention to some very superior breaking plows. Also furrow plows and other agricultural implements.

Detective Kaapa will leave for Hawaii on the steamer Hawaii today on business connected with the Police Department. Good luck David!

C. Hedemann has been appointed manager of the Honolulu Iron Works, vice Alex. Young resigned. The position of consulting engineer has been tendered Mr. Young and accepted by him.

The Hawaiian Rowing Association held a meeting on Saturday and decided to hereafter hold the annual regatta on May 2d instead of in September, as has been the custom for years.

There was 84.100 inches of rain in the Punahou district in thirty-five minutes yesterday afternoon. Heavy rains are also reported from Maunawili to Kahuku but none at Waiialua or Waiānae.

Senator Baldwin has given orders for plans to be drawn for the reconstruction of the native church near Lahaina, where his father once preached. As much of the old stone work will be used in the new edifice as possible.

Minister Willis called at the Foreign Office yesterday with Captain Pigman of the Bennington and Commander Watson of the Adams and arranged with Minister Cooper for an official call on President Dole at 11 o'clock today.

Dr. Y. S. Sun, the prominent Chinese doctor, lectured again before the Chinese-English Debating Society last Friday evening. His remarks were confined to the digestive apparatus. A large number were present at the lecture.

The Appropriation bill will come up in the Senate today and the second reading probably completed. The opium bill and the bill for appropriations from current accounts will probably be reported by the Printing Committee.

THE PROPER TIME

When the most benefit is to be derived from a good medicine, is early in the year. This is the season when the tired body, weakened organs and nervous system yearn for a building-up medicine like Hood's Sarsaparilla. Many wait for the open spring weather and, in fact, delay giving attention to their physical condition so long that a long siege of sickness is inevitable. To rid the system of the impurities accumulated during the winter season, to purify the blood and to invigorate the whole system, there is nothing equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. Don't put it off, but take Hood's Sarsaparilla now. It will do you good. Read the testimonials published in behalf of Hood's Sarsaparilla, all form reliable, grateful people. They tell the story.

HOBSON DRUG CO., wholesale agents.

Daily Advertiser 75 cents a month. Delivered by carrier.

NEW BILLS ARE SCARCE.

House and Senate Adjourn at an Early Hour.

EDUCATIONAL FUNDS REPORTED.

Senate Committee Favorable to Appropriations—Amendment to Land Act Reaches the House—More Money for Insane Asylum—A Port of Entry.

MONDAY, March 2.

The Senate opened at the usual hour. After the opening exercises, the clerk read communications from the clerk of the House stating that the Senate bill regulating the biennial period has passed the House; also the House bill making Kailua a port of entry.

Senator Lyman reported, from the Committee on Public Lands, on the House bill giving the Minister of the Interior right to make certain leases. The committee made extensive amendments.

Senator Wilcox, from the Committee on Public Health and Education, reported favorably on the increased appropriations for the Board of Public Instruction. A report was also made favoring the increased appropriation for assistants at the Insane Asylum. The report on the items concerning public instruction was as follows: Your Committee on Education having had under consideration the

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair, Gold Medal—Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICES CREAM BAKING POWDER MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy.

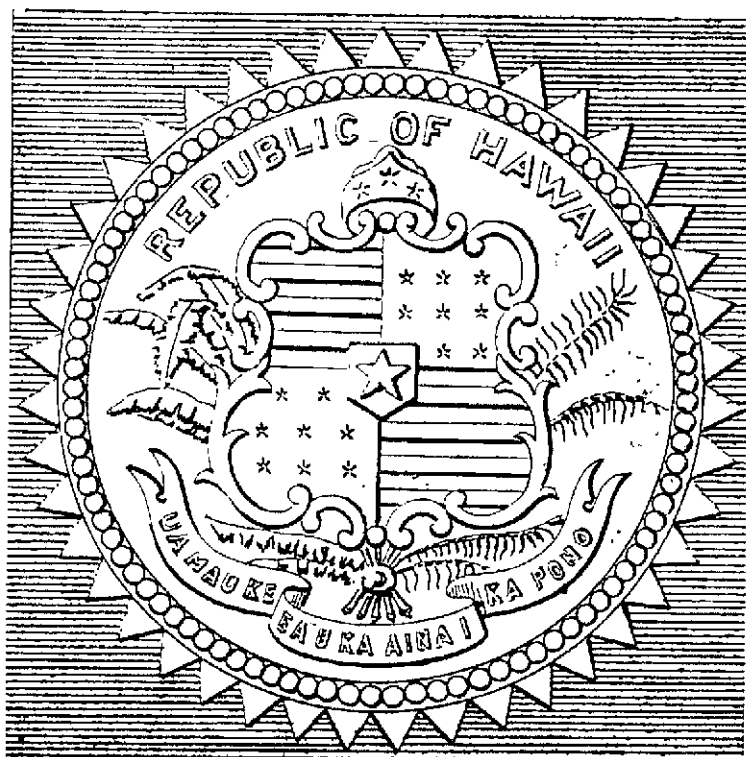
30 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO., Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

House of Senate Bills Nos. 2 and 4 as passed February 23. Communication accepted and the two bills made the order of the day.

Rep. Hanuana announced his intention of introducing an Act amending the laws of 1885 relating to sections where there is a difference between the English and Hawaiian versions of the laws.

Senate Bill No. 2, relating to the granting of authority to the Minister of Finance to secure funds temporarily on loan for the payment of current accounts, passed its first and second readings and, upon motion of Rep.



THE ABOVE DESIGN SUBMITTED TO THE COMMITTEE ON THE GREAT SEAL BY "REPUBLICAN" HAS ATTRACTED MUCH FAVORABLE COMMENT.

items of the appropriation bill pertaining to the Bureau of Public Instruction find that, owing to the large increase in the number of pupils, the duties of the Inspector-General of Schools has been growing in importance and difficulty, and that no one person can attend to them.

"Also that the District of Honolulu, taking both Government and independent schools into account, contains about one-third of the school children of the country.

"We would recommend the salary of deputy-inspector and school agent for Honolulu pass as in the bill.

"We find also that there has been an actual growth in the duties of the clerk and secretary, and that the duties required of him are such that only a first-class man can fill them; that the Board of Education asked for a slight increase in his pay, but that it has been reduced in the bill to \$3000, which is \$1800 lower than it was last period.

"We recommend that it pass at \$3000.

"We find that the pay roll of the English, Hawaiian and Common schools during the last few months of the last biennial period amounted to about \$15,000 a month, and that if the growth of the present period corresponds with that of the last, it will amount to over \$17,000 before the end of this period.

"We recommend that the item pass at \$16,000 a month, or \$384,000.

"We recommend to strike out the next item of \$12,000 for additional support of English, Hawaiian and Common schools for 1897."

The committee also recommended that the item in the Appropriation bill, "Pay of assistants of the Insane Asylum" be passed at \$21,984.

Under the regular order of the day, House bill No. 2 making Kailua, Hawaii a port of entry came up. The bill passed the first reading, also the second, under suspension of the rules. In answer to a query from Mr. Brown Minister Damon said that vessels could discharge at Kailua by making application at a regular port of entry. On motion of Senator McCandless the bill was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Senate bill No. 7 appropriating \$15,000 for the expenses of the session, passed the third reading by unanimous vote.

House bill No. 1 regarding leases made by the Minister of the Interior with report of the committee was taken up for second reading. The changes made by the committee were so extensive that the bill and report were referred to the printing committee. No further business coming before the Senate a motion to adjourn was carried.

House of Representatives.

Chairman Naone announced that he had received the transmission of the opening address of the President.

Rep. Hanuana moved that the address be accepted and placed on file. Carried.

A communication from the Senate announced the transmission to the

Kamaooha, the third reading was set for Tuesday.

Senate Bill No. 4, relating to household leases and amending Sections 29, 30 and 39 of the Land Act, 1895, passed its first reading.

In speaking of the amendment as proposed in the bill, Minister Smith said that the intention of the former was that there should be a yearly rental of four per cent. on the appraised value of the leased premises, or as the same may be modified by any future appraisements. On account of the length of the bill, as first introduced, this important factor had been omitted. The amendment aimed at a correction of this oversight.

Rep. Robertson understood the bill as first introduced to aim at a way of helping out the poor people, and especially the native. He thought that the bill was meant to give them home-steads to live upon without exacting any rent whatever, and with only one or two conditions, such as remaining on and improving the land and paying the taxes. He remembered hearing one of the Ministers dwelling strongly on this point when the bill was first introduced, and he remembered, on account of its very tenor, that the bill was heartily supported. Whether it was the Attorney-General or the Minister of the Interior who did the pleading before the House Mr. Robertson could not call to mind just then. The bill was thought to be for the good of the poor, and the amendment seemed a direct retrogression. He was not prepared to support the bill until reasons better than those stated could be given for so doing, and moved that the bill be referred to the Committee on Government Lands.

By way of amendment Rep. Kamaooha moved that the bill be read the second time by title and then referred. Carried.

Rep. Rycroft seconded the motion to refer the bill and asked that the Attorney-General make some further explanations before the vote be taken.

Rep. Richards thought the matter could be settled right on the spot and asked that the Attorney-General make some further remarks on the side of the proposed bill to amend. Rep. Robertson had fairly stated the view of the House.

To a certain extent the Attorney-General repeated his former remarks, and added that it might not be a proper proceeding for the House to pass the bill. For this reason he was in favor of the motion to refer the bill.

Rep. Robertson's motion to refer carried unanimously.

Under a suspension of the rules Mr. Smith read his bill to amend an act relating to homesteads and leasehold houses. The site of the public wash house had been changed, and in order to make the law applicable to the present building an amendment was necessary. Bill referred to the Printing Committee.

Attorney General Smith gave notice of a bill to provide for the preservation of dockets and record books of district magistrates. Read for first time and referred to Printing Committee.

House adjourned at 10:55.

CAPT. AUSTIN ANGRY.

Marker Who Made Hilo's Big Score the Trouble.

LEAP YEAR DANCE A SUCCESS.

Doctor Williams Gives His Friends a Surprise—Funds for New Organ Raised—Petition for Street Lights. Japanese Laborer Drowned, etc.

HILO (Hawaii), Feb. 26.—Hilo is still without a deputy-sheriff; but, with a new captain of police, in the person of ex Sheriff Williams at Honolulu, and a full force of policemen at Hilo, the people feel protected in spite of the missing officer.

Captain Austin, of the Hilo Rifle team has had his patience sorely tried this week, and his ire considerably raised through the indelicacy of some unknown party or parties. Saturday, the 22nd, was set for shooting against the score made by the Honolulu team, and the Hilo team, in all earnestness, determined to beat the score and claim honors. Unfortunately, the marker was not a reliable person, and either was bought or "wanted to see the Hilo boys win," as he said. Two were marked four and three were marked five, but before the suspicions of Captain Austin had been aroused, the team had scored 432 points. The target was called in and the cheat discovered, greatly to the indignation and disgust of the captain and his team. It is more than likely that the party responsible for the trick will meet with rough treatment from some one.

The leap year dance given by the ladies of Hilo, in concluding the social season preceding Lent, was a most successful affair. A coterie of Hilo's fair ones made all arrangements for the dance, and were present to receive the gentlemen as they entered the hall. There were some sixty or more guests present, and gaieties of the evening were indulged in until a late hour. Estates and drinkables were furnished and added zest to the evening's pleasures.

On Thursday evening the Hilo Social Club was entertained at the home of Sheriff Hitchcock. A large number of the members of the Club joined in a horseback ride, while others remained indoors and entered into conversational matches. When the riders returned a general good time was had; ice cream and cakes were passed and good nights were sung.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. L. Severance was the scene of an interesting and delightful entertainment on Tuesday evening, when Rev. Mr. Lydgate furnished the many present with an evening's enjoyment, consisting of a lecture, accompanied by tableaux and stereopticon views. His subject, "Mary, Queen of Scots," was aptly chosen, and his tableaux greatly assisted his well prepared remarks. The beautiful lantern productions recalled scenes throughout her life.

The ladies of the First Foreign Church are quite jubilant over their final success in raising for the church a valuable pipe organ which they have so long desired. The largest contribution comes from Hon. Alex. Young, who has also assisted the ladies in getting other contributions. Messrs. J. W. Bergstrom & Sons will probably be awarded the contract for furnishing the organ, which is to cost \$2000. Plans are under way for the reconstruction of that portion of the church in which the organ is to be built.

A very quiet wedding occurred this week when Louis T. Grant, Superintendent of the Hilo Electric Light Co. and Mrs. Emma Stevens became man and wife.

One of the most important engagements of the season has been announced, and now all the doctor's friends are saying: "I knew it would be." The engagement is that of Dr. R. B. Williams to Miss Celia Plunkett of Oakland, Cal. The young lady has been in Hilo but a few months, but has endeared herself to the hearts of all who have had the good fortune to become well acquainted with her. Dr. Williams is not only popular and well known throughout the island of Hawaii, but has many friends in Honolulu and elsewhere who will be glad to hear of his good fortune.

Dr. Williams, upon his return from Honolulu per Kinau, gave a delightful picnic on Opeanui Island.

F. M. Wakefield made a flying trip to the volcano on Thursday last. With a change of horses half way he made the trip from Hilo to the Volcano House in four hours.

The many friends of Mrs. W. W. Goodale were made sad upon learning of the death of Mrs. H. M. Whitney of Honolulu, mother of Mrs. Goodale. Although Mrs. Whitney had been ill some years, her death came unexpectedly and was a great shock to her daughter, who has herself been a sufferer for several months from the effects of an accident. Mr. and Mrs. Goodale leave by this Kinau for a visit to Mrs. Goodale's father.

A petition is going the rounds asking that the Legislature consider the matter of an appropriation for lighting Hilo's streets. The arc lights now in place certainly give great satisfaction, and the people look forward to the consummation of their wishes when their Congressmen begin to speak for Hilo's interests.

R. A. Lyman's boat arrived from Puna last week with passengers and a cargo of hogs, fruit and other products. She landed at Hilo wharf from which she took her departure for Puna landing the same evening. She is making regular trips now, a great convenience to Puna people.

Inspector Townsend is on his return from a trip around the island. The many friends of Mrs. E. D. Baldwin will regret to learn that she is confined to her home by illness.

FITZSIMMONS WINS IT.

Fight Lasts Ninety Seconds Only.

CAPTAIN MORSE IS DEAD.

Crisis in France—Bill Nye Barred. Consul Waller Pardoned Gold in California—A Murderer Hanged. New Battle Ship Launched, etc.

LANGTRY, Tex. Feb. 21.—It took Robert Fitzsimmons just ninety seconds this afternoon to defeat Peter Maher and become the heavy-weight champion of the world. The fight took place in the bottom of the Rio Grande River on the Mexican side, one and a half miles distant from the Langtry depot.

Even to his friend it was evident that the Irish lad was not in it from the start. Before the round had progressed thirty seconds Maher attempted a foul and was heatedly warned by the referee. Fitzsimmons' coup was in the form of one of his famous upper hooks, with which he knocked out Hall and broke the nose of Jack Steiner, his trainer.

Maher made a gallant effort to get upon his feet when time was called, but after getting half way, to a recumbent position, he fell back, and still had his head on the floor when time was called and the decision was awarded to the Cornishman.

HAVANA (Cuba), Feb. 21.—The rumor of the death of Maceo, reported this morning, rests entirely upon a report made by the Spanish commander of the town of San Nicolas. He says that a peasant told him that rebels he had met informed him that Maceo was dead. There is absolutely no confirmation of the report, and it is not credited even in official circles.

The will of Captain Albion H. Morse of Alameda, who died February 18th, was filed for probate with the County Clerk in Oakland yesterday, says the San Francisco Call of February 25th. The pioneer pilot and steamer captain left an estate valued at \$60,000. The will is holographic and was written at Byron Springs January 25th last. Captain Morse distributed his wealth among a large number of relatives, sisters principally, and their children.

Ballington Booth has been dropped from the pay rolls of the Salvation Army. He and his wife have mysteriously disappeared and large rewards are offered for information concerning them.

Bill Nye, the noted humorist died at his home, from apoplexy, in Asheville, N. C. Feb. 22nd.

Ex Congressman Michael D. Harter committed suicide at Fostoria, Ohio, February 22nd.

Ivan Kovalev, a Russian murderer was hanged at Folsom, California, February 21st.

The African Republic intended to proclaim its independence on February 22nd.

One hundred persons lost their lives in an explosion Vliedendorp, South Africa.

Clara Barton has not been interfered with in her work in Armenia.

Ex-Consul Waller has been released from prison by French authorities.

England has resolved to arbitrate on the Venezuela affair.

Gold has been discovered in Madara county, California.

Cuba may be recognized by the United States.

France is on the verge of a revolution.

MONOWAI TO BE DISPLACED.

So Says James Mills of the Union Steamship Company.

James Mills of New Zealand, managing director of the Union Steamship Company, which operates a line of fifty steamers between New Zealand and Australia and between the Colonies and the islands of the South Pacific, is staying at the Occidental Hotel, says the San Francisco Chronicle of Feb. 17th. He is on his way to England, where the company now has several fast steamers in course of construction.

The Union Steamship Company owns the Monowai, and Mr. Mills says that in the near future a larger and faster vessel will be put on the run between here and the Colonies in her stead. He says there is no immediate prospect of increasing the number of steamers on the Australian line, but the Union Steamship Company, which has the contract for carrying the mails between New Zealand and San Francisco, is desirous of shortening the time as much as possible.

A Pleasant Gathering.

There was a pleasant time at Waiālae last Saturday afternoon, the occasion being a complimentary luau to Mr. Paul Isenberg by the employees of H. Harkfeld & Co. previous to his departure for Germany. The feast was in genuine old-fashioned Hawaiian style and particularly enjoyable. There were a large number of invited guests, some seventy ladies and gentlemen being present. The grounds and house were tastefully decorated. Prof. Burger's string-band was in attendance and added much to the success of the day. Mr. Isenberg will leave for his German home by the Alameda on Friday.

HIGH SCHOOL CONCERT.

Assembly Hall Crowded—Entertaining Program.

The assembly hall of the High School building was crowded to the doors Saturday evening, where the first High school concert was in progress. The audience was composed largely of friends and relatives of the scholars with a fair smattering of those who preferred a High School entertainment to the many other attractions of the evening.

The grounds were lighted with Japanese lanterns and within the assembly hall flags, bunting and ferns were arranged with pleasing effect.

The program was well arranged to entertain the public as well as demonstrate the capabilities of the scholars. The numbers rendered by the glee club were quite commendable and showed hard study by the pupils. The two recitations came in as a pleasing variation to the program. As a whole the concert showed good work on the part of scholars and teachers, and good management in arranging a varied program for the entertainment of the public.

Art Exhibition.

Tonight at Kilohana Art League rooms, some of the paintings of W. L. Hilliard, the celebrated artist, will be placed on view to members of the league.

Mr. Hilliard, Mrs. Trumbull and D. Howard Hitchcock were busy hanging the paintings, and Mr. Hilliard expressed himself as much pleased with the result yesterday.

It is probable the public will have an opportunity to view the paintings after tonight.

BY AUTHORITY.

W. W. GOODALE, Esq., has this day been appointed Chairman of the Road Board for the Taxation District of Hilo, Island of Hawaii.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, March 2, 1896. 1738-3t

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

On SATURDAY, March 21st, at 12 o'clock noon, at front entrance of Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be sold the following pieces of land:

1.—Lot in Waianae, Oahu, containing 6 1-10 of an acre. Upset price, \$610.

2.—Lot in Waianae, Oahu, containing 44-100 of an acre. Upset price, \$100.

3.—Lot at seashore, Waianae, Oahu, at mouth of the river, containing 4 acres. Upset price, \$100.

The sale of Lot 3 is upon condition that purchaser will within one year from date of purchase, erect upon the land a building suitable for purpose of small hotel, to accommodate not less than twelve persons.

Plans showing above lands for sale may be seen at the Public Lands Office, Judiciary Building, where further particulars may be obtained.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. 1735-1m

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

Notice is hereby given that on SATURDAY, March 21, 1896, at 12 o'clock Noon, at front entrance of Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be sold the following pieces of land:

Lot 1. Land at Kalihi, District of Kona, Oahu, being a portion of land of Kahauiki, makai of the Government road to Ewa, containing 4 2-10 acres. Upset price, \$2000.

Lot 2. Land in Maalo, District of Kaupo, Maui, containing 2 49-100 acres. Upset price, \$25.

Terms: Cash in U. S. Gold Coin.

Plans showing above lands for sale may be seen at Public Lands Office, Judiciary Building, where further particulars may also be obtained.

J. F. BROWN, Agent of Public Lands. 1737-6t

POUND NOTICE.

In accordance with Section 1, Chapter XXXV of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day set apart an enclosure for the impounding of strays in Makaweli, Kauai, on a piece of land owned by the Makaweli Plantation.

In accordance with Section 2 of Chapter XXXV of the Session Laws of 1888, I have this day appointed Mr. JAMES CAMPBELL Poundmaster to the above Pound in Makaweli, Kauai.

J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, February 24, 1896. 1737-3t

FROM FOREIGN SHORES

Three Days Later News by the
U. S. S. Adams.

CUBAN REBELS UNITE FORCES.

General Weyler Planning to Rule with
an Iron Hand. Watching Filibusters—Fitzsimmons—Maher. Phases.
Troubles in Corea—War Clouds.

NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The Herald's Havana special says: Word comes from San Antonio de los Baños that the insurgent forces of Gomez and Maceo reunited yesterday beyond Setra de Aguas, near the Pinar del Rio border. The rebel chiefs held a council of war and appointed Jose Maria Aquirre in immediate command of revolutionary forces operating in Havana province, while that of Bermudez in Pinar del Rio was confirmed. Rolloff is in temporary command of operations around Matanzas. Capote, with 1200 cavalry reinforcements from eastern Cuba, has just joined Gomez.

General Weyler spoke only the truth when he admitted yesterday that he found affairs in Cuba from a military point of view considerably disorganized.

When Captain-General Weyler

FRENCH CABINET CRISIS.

Ministers Ignore the Vote of the
Senate.

The Situation Decidedly Deteriorated.
Effort to Overthrow the Radical Ministry.

PARIS, February 16.—The Chamber has decided to ignore the vote taken in the Senate yesterday, which was a repudiation of a vote of that body on February 11th, deprecating the irregularities disclosed in connection with the Southern Railway scandal, and demanding a searching inquiry. The newspapers here express the belief that no issue from the Cabinet crisis is possible except through the resignation of M. Ricard, Minister of Justice.

According to a semi-official statement, Bourgeois, the Premier, had an interview with President Faure on Sunday and explained that the conflict of the Senate with the Chamber had assumed such a character that the resignation of the Ministry would not solve the crisis. The Cabinet had therefore decided to await the further expression of the Chamber, the Ministers agreeing that they can no more yield to the Senate than they can disregard the confidence of the Chamber.

A dispatch to the London Post says: The real origin of the crisis is the determination of the Senate to overthrow the Radical Ministry or to die in the attempt.

The Paris correspondent of the Times telegraphs as follows to that paper: The Cabinet has sounded a clarion note. If it succeeds it is nothing more nor less than a coup d'etat. If it fails it is an act of violence to no good end. The setting aside of the

RUSSIA'S POWER FELT.

Troubles in Corea Said to be Significant.

Naval Activity by Japanese Russian
and the Sultan Conferencing.

NEW YORK, February 17.—The World's Tokyo special says: There is great activity among all naval forces. The Japanese government is confident that Russia is encouraging the revolt in Corea with a view to the early establishment of a Russian protectorate over the kingdom. The seat of the Korean government is now in the Russian legation at Seoul, where the king remains guarded. It is believed that the king of Corea authorized the outbreak, in revenge for the murder of the queen.

The Emperor of Japan suspended the sitting of the Parliament for ten days in the midst of opposition attacks on Premier Ito's ministry.

Confirmed at Washington.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Secretary Herbert today received a cablegram from Admiral McNeill, commanding the Asiatic station, confirming the newspaper reports of the renewed disturbances in Corea. The cablegram was sent from Nagasaki, Japan, and is in the following words: "Telegraphic information has been received from the commander of the Maebashi, via Chefoo, China, as follows: 'There is much excitement in Seoul, Corea. The king has gone to the Russian legation and ordered the arrest of the Korean cabinet. A guard has gone to Seoul. The telegraph wires have been cut. Two men have been killed.'"

At the Korean legation it was said there had been no advice received, and the only information is that obtainable from the newspapers.

Russo-Turkish Alliance.

CONSTANTINOPLE, February 17.—After inviting the powers to recognize Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, the Porte, at Russia's request, sent a second circular asking the powers to defer their decision until after Prince Boris had been baptized. This is held to furnish proof of the Russo-Turkish entente.

ARRIVAL OF THE ADAMS.

List of Officers—Her Trial Trip in 'Frisco.

The U. S. S. Adams, E. W. Watson, commander, arrived yesterday afternoon, 12 days from San Francisco. Generally pleasant weather was experienced throughout the voyage. Following are the officers: E. W. Watson, commander; Lieut. N. R. Harris, executive officer; Lieut. F. E. Greene, navigator; Lieut. H. W. Harrison, ensign; C. S. Stanworth, ensign; H. H. Hough, ensign; C. F. Preston, watch officer; P. A. engineer, W. H. McElvoy; chief engineer, P. A. Surgeon; G. T. Smith, surgeon; F. J. Semmes, assistant paymaster.

Speaking of the trial trip of the Adams, just previous to her departure for Honolulu, the S. F. Chronicle says: The United States steamer Adams returned from her trial run to sea late Saturday night. The board, headed by Captain Clark, United States Navy, which conducted the test and will report on it, seemed very much satisfied with the performance of the vessel, and its findings will commend the repairs made. It is unofficially given out that she developed a speed of 109 knots when forced, and that everything worked in a highly satisfactory manner.

The Kindergarten Club.

What charities and benefits the people have all patronized the past month! Their name has been legion, and every class and club has had a veritable struggle for existence. But the kindergarten club has survived. It may be that some persons entertain doubts of its vitality, but they have only to attend the regular 3 o'clock meeting at Queen Emma hall this afternoon to judge for themselves. The members of the club will have a cordial welcome for all, and Mrs. Dumas will give an interesting talk on the second gift—the sphere, cylinder and cube.

INSURANCE

Theo. H. Davies & Co., Ltd.

AGENTS FOR
FIRE, LIFE and MARINE
INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Co

Of London for FIRE & LIFE.

Established 1836.

Accumulated Funds, £3,975,000.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN

MARINE INSURANCE CO., Ltd.

Of Liverpool for MARINE.

Capital - £1,000,000.

Reduction of Rates.

Immediate Payment of Claims.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., Ltd., Agents.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co.

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents.

General Insurance Company for Sea, River and Land Transport of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned General Agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co.

OF BERLIN.

Fortuna General Insurance Company

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a General Agency here, and the undersigned, General Agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the seas at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms.

F. A. SCHAEFER & CO., Gnl. Agts.

Trans-Atlantic Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks 6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 107,650,000
Total reichsmarks 107,650,000

North German Fire Insurance Company

OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the company and reserve, reichsmarks 8,830,000
Capital their reinsurance companies 35,000,000
Total reichsmarks 43,830,000

The undersigned, General Agents of the above two companies for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills, and Vessels in the harbor, against loss or damage by fire on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO.

CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd.,

Life and Fire

Insurance Ag'ts.

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

Of Boston.

First Fire Insurance Company

Of Hartford.

North British and Mercantile

INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL ASSETS 31ST DEC., 1894.

£11,671,018 2s. 2d.

1—Authorized Capital, £3,000,000

Subscribed Capital, 2,750,000

2—Paid-up Capital, 687,500 0 0

3—Life and Annuity Funds, 2,410,992 7 3

4—Total, £11,671,018 2s. 2d.

Revenue Fire Branch, 1,516,858 18 7

Revenue Life and Annuity Branches, 1,359,821 10 9

Total, £2,876,679 15 4

The accumulated funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.,

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

S. T. ALEXANDER H. P. BALDWIN

ALEXANDER & BALDWIN

Commission Merchants,

NO. 3 CALIFORNIA STREET,

SAN FRANCISCO

Island Orders Promptly Filled.

BENSON, SMITH & CO.,

Jobbing and Manufacturing

PHARMACISTS.

DEALERS IN

PURE DRUGS,

Chemicals,

MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS

AND

Patent Medicines

At the Lowest Prices.

339, OF FORT AND HOTEL STREETS.

Metropolitan Market

KING STREET.

Choicest Meats

From Finest Herds.

G. J. WALLER, Proprietor.

Families and Shipping Supplied

ON SHORT NOTICE

AT THE

Lowest Market Prices

All Meats delivered from this market

are Thoroughly Chilled Immediately

after killing by means of a Bell-Coleman

Patent Dry Air Refrigerator.

Meat so treated retains all its juicy

properties and is guaranteed to keep

longer after delivery than freshly-

killed meat.

Beaver Saloon.

H. J. NOLTE, - Prop.

Begs to announce to his friends and the

public in general that he has opened the

above saloon, where

FIRST-CLASS REFRESHMENTS

Will be served from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m.,

under the immediate supervision of a com-

petent Chef de Cuisine.

THE FINEST GRADES OF

Tobaccos,

Cigars, Pipes and

Smokers' Sundries

Chosen by a personal selection from first-

class manufacturers has been obtained and

will be added to from time to time.

One of Brunswick & Balke's

Celebrated Billiard Tables

Connected with the establishment, where

lovers of the cue can participate.

W. H. RICE,

Stock Raiser and Dealer

BREEDER OF

FINE HORSES AND CATTLE

From the Thoroughbred

Standard-bred Stallion Nutwood, by

Nutwood Jr.

Norman Stallion Captain Grawl.

Native-Bred Stallion Boswell.

Also a Choice Lot of

BULLS, COWS AND CALVES

From the Celebrated Bulls

Sussex, Hereford, Ayrshire & Durham.

A Lot of

Fine Saddle and Carriage Horses

FOR SALE.

2 Pure-Bred Hereford Bulls For Sale.

Tourists and Excursion Parties desiring

Single, Double or Four-in-Hand Teams of

Saddle Horses can be accommodated at W.

H. Rice's Livery Stables.

All communications to be addressed to

W. H. RICE, Lithue, Kaula.

N. FERNANDEZ,

Notary Public and Typewriter,

11 KAAHUMANU STREET

P. O. Box 338. Telephone 34.



GENERAL MAXIMO GOMEZ.

takes the field he will be without the service of several of his lieutenants most conspicuous during active operations. General Luque goes to Spain. General Canella also goes to Spain, because he and General Weyler are not good friends. General Garcia Navarro is on the sick list and Cornell is reported as having been severely wounded in the recent engagement in the Vuelta Abajo district.

General Weyler has issued strict orders regarding passports required by people travelling through the country. Friends of the rebels say that Weyler is having the prisoners in Mono castle shot down. They claim they can hear the shooting every day. A detective agent has been sent to Tampa, Fla., to look after filibustering expeditions.

FOR CUBAN RECOGNITION.

Matter to Come Prominently Before Congress—Monroe Doctrine.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The prospects are for a busy day in the Senate, but outside of the fact that Senator Davis will speak on Monday in support of the Monroe doctrine, and that the appropriation bills which have been reported will be taken up and probably disposed of, no definite forecast of the proceedings can be given. Senator Davis' speech is expected to be a strong and logical expression of the views of the more advanced advocates of the Monroe doctrine.

The Cuban resolution has been given the place of precedence after the appropriation bills, but it is not yet certain that this subject will be taken up seriously until the Senators who may wish to speak upon it shall have an opportunity to prepare themselves.

The Foreign Affairs Committee of the House will call up the resolution to censure Ambassador Bayard as soon as those in charge of the appropriation bills, which have the right of way, afford an opportunity to do so. The Foreign Affairs Committee is also working on a Cuban resolution, and it may possibly be reported to the House this week. The trend of opinion in the committee favors a resolution expressing it as the sense of Congress that a state of war exists in Cuba, and requesting the President to issue his proclamation recognizing the insurgents as belligerents.

WON'T VISIT ENGLAND.

President Krueger Will Not Compromise His Republic.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The Berlin correspondent of the Chronicle sends a dispatch, apparently inspired by Mr. Leys, the Secretary of State for the Colonies, which says: "The Transvaal Government cannot propose any rule of procedure and a treaty of amicable relations and a treaty of amicable relations. It may at most be regarded as certain that President Krueger will not visit England, as his appearance there would be a virtual recognition of England's right to interfere in the internal affairs of the Transvaal."

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient. 25c. HOBSON DRUG CO., Wholesale Agents.

vote of the Senate virtually upsets the Constitution. If the Senate stands firm there are only two alternatives—the resignation of the Ministers or the expulsion of the Senate by a mob. The latter would mean the superseding of the Constitution by a revolutionary convention.

The Chamber of Deputies, which re-assembles on Thursday after a Cabinet council on Tuesday, may, however, recoil from a second vote, which might prove disastrous. The situation is the most delicate we have seen in thirty-five years.

WILL REPORT FAVORABLY.

The Senate Nicaragua Canal Committee Wants the Work to Begin.

WASHINGTON, February 16.—The Senate Committee on the Nicaragua Canal held a meeting yesterday for an exchange of views upon the expediency of reporting a bill for the construction of the canal during the present session of Congress. The committee was somewhat handicapped by the fact that the report of the Commission which was sent to Central America last summer for the inspection of the canal route had not been printed.

This was the first meeting the committee has held since its creation, and it was important in that it demonstrated a unanimous sentiment in favor of the construction of the canal.

FITZSIMMONS VS. MAHER.

Fight Definitely Settled for Feb. 21. Some People Doubt.

From advices appearing in the S. F. Chronicle there is a bare chance of the great fight having taken place on February 21st. Maher's eyes were still bad, but Buck Connolly, his backer, had placed an additional thousand dollars up as a guarantee that his man would be at the ring side on the postponed date.

On the other hand Fitzsimmons was shouting for the forfeit money which he considered himself entitled to because Maher had not come to time on the date originally set for the fight. Dan Stewart says the ring is up ready whenever the men are ready to do battle.

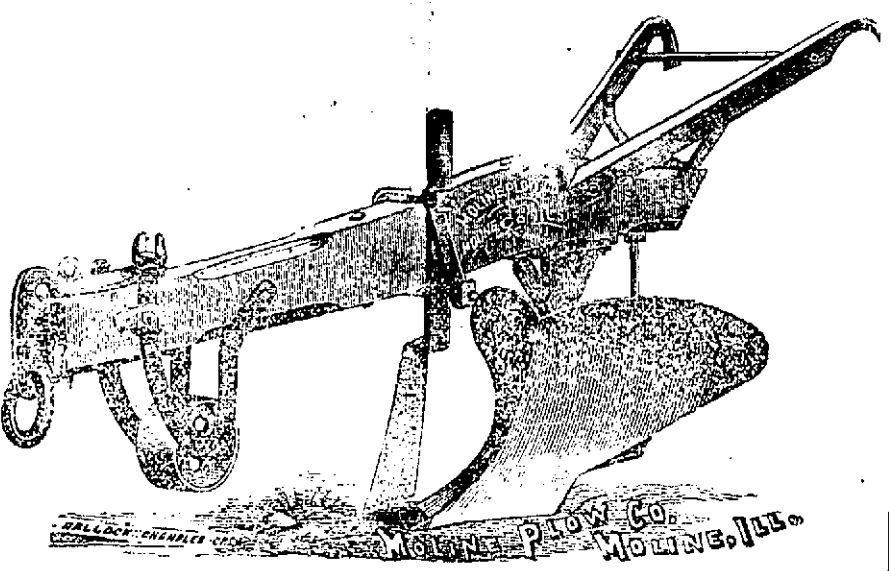
Why Not You?

When thousands of people are taking Hood's Sarsaparilla to overcome the weakness and languor which are so common at this season, why are you not doing the same? When you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla has the power to cure rheumatism, dyspepsia and all diseases caused by impure blood, why do you continue to suffer? Hood's cures others, why not you?

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient. 25c. HOBSON DRUG CO., Wholesale Agents.

There is a Time

For everything. And NOW is the time to break up your ground for planting cane. Planters, after trying other kinds of breakers, have come back to the Hall Breakers as being the Best Kind in Use. We have sold a great many within a few weeks, but still have, on hand a few 12, 14 and 16 inch. We also have a few more of the celebrated



Hall's Furrow Plows:

No plantation is fully equipped without one or more of these. We have in stock a few of the WHEEL WALKING SINGLE PLOWS. This is the best stirring plow ever introduced here, and has fairly revolutionized the cultivation on some of the Hilo and Kau plantations. TRY THEM!

Also, Hall's Steel SIDE HILL BREAKERS, for use on hilly ground, and in use on many of the plantations in places where a steam plow or ordinary breaker will not work.

A number of years ago we introduced from Philadelphia the "Planet Jr. Horse Hoe," and have sold hundreds of them all over the Islands. It is one of the best cultivators ever used on a plantation. We are selling a great many now, and have a few left. Now is the time to use them. Constantly on hand all sizes of

Planet Jr. Horse Hoe

Rice Plows, Harrows,

Buckeye Mowers,

And All Kinds of

Agricultural Implements.

The Aluminum Cane Knife

That we have this year introduced has had a wonderful success. We got entirely out, but have just received a new lot. Read this letter:

MASA, KAUAI, January 30, 1896.

DEAR SIRS: Regarding the aluminum cane knives which you sold us some time ago, allow us to state that same have given us the utmost satisfaction, and we think them superior to any cane knife we have used. The knives are light and durable, and keep a very good edge. The handles are also a great improvement, and are well shaped for grips. Our men always try to secure an aluminum knife in preference to others, which we think is the very best recommendation. We remain,

Yours truly, H. P. FAY & CO.

We have received other letters just as commendatory.

The TROPIC OIL

For Engine and Cylinder is meeting with great success. We thought we had enough to carry us through the season, but have got entirely out. We are expecting a new supply, however, any day, and can supply any orders that may come in, besides some now on our books for delivery. The "Tropic" is a Very High Grade Oil and has given perfect satisfaction where it is being used.

E. O. HALL & SON.

CORNER FORT AND KING STS., HONOLULU.



VAN CAMP DEPARTED.

Found a Friendly Bark and was Off and Away.

Elizabeth Cady Stanton and half a dozen clever women are engaged upon the latest effort in Biblical criticism. It is probably the most unique. It is nothing less than a woman's bible, the first part of which (the Pentateuch) has been issued.

To begin with, it is a daring misnomer. A more truthful title would be Woman's Commentary on the Bible on Women. However, under either name, or any name in fact, this literary rose does not smell sweet, if we can count the critics true.

It is not an erudite or scientific attempt at Scriptural exegesis, but merely clever comment on the various passages in the Bible that refer to women and, consequently, define the position of women. Mrs. Stanton reads this as degradation—woman made after man, of man and for man—an inferior, and subject to man; creeds, codes, scriptures and statutes, then and thenceforth, being based on this idea. So long as woman accepts this position, her emancipation is impossible. "Whatever the Bible may be made to do Hebrew or Greek, in plain English it does not exalt and dignify women."

There! you can imagine what a buzzing this book brought down on the heads of its makers. The Des Moines Register calls it "a series of harum skurum chapters, filled with theological 'asides,' irrelevant, immaterial and incompetent remarks." The Catholic Mirror, of Baltimore, protests that "the 'Woman's Bible' is receiving but scant favor from the sex for which it was prepared. No good Christian woman will give it countenance."

The Chicago Advance assures us that "the public is going to sit on this 'Woman's Bible,' and sit down hard. It was intended to help woman in her struggle for a right position in the world; no worse blow could have been struck her cause. In our land of Bibles no sensible woman can be made to believe that her sex is better off in the lands that have no Bibles."

The Times-Herald deals its blow in these words: "There are some blunders which are worse than a crime. The 'Woman's Bible' is one of them."

On the other side we find in the Woman's Tribune, of Washington, the promise of "gleams of new truths or clearer interpretations of long-accepted statements."

The Boston Investigator thinks it a valuable piece of liberal literature, and hopes for it a wide circulation.

Susan B. Anthony thinks women are doing what men have always done—twisting, turning and perverting the Scriptures, but they are called "impious" because they dare to do it.

Rev. Anna Shaw admits that Mrs. Stanton has written some more or less interesting sermons, many of which end with an excellent application.

The trouble seems not to be that the work is Unitarian and therefore unorthodox, but that Mrs. Stanton has been brilliant and flippant when she should have been serious and reverent. Aside from the treatment, what if we do grant that the findings are true—will the heavens fall? We by no means try to follow literally these old Bible personages. But the manner of spirit that was in them is what we seek from the Hebrew scriptures—not a definite rule for every case. We look to find the fatherhood of God compelling the brotherhood of men, the peace brought to earth and the charity that thinketh no evil.

The passages criticized we do not take for eternal verities, but particular instances applying to peculiar social conditions. These circumstances are not ours, and I doubt if any candid woman of this dawning twentieth century takes as her thus-far-and-no-farther role the part that Paul, in writing to the different churches just formed, assigns to "your women."

SYBIL.

WEEKLY NEWS NOTES OF MAUI.

Mrs. Rosecrans Dies from Injuries. Japanese Evening of Literary Society—Stevadores Threaten to Strike—Social News and Shipping Notes.

MAUI, Feb. 29.—The beautiful moonlight of last evening caused an unusually large attendance at the monthly meeting of the Makawao Literary Society, which event took place at the elegant residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Colville, of Paia. The large parlors were more than filled—quite a number coming from Spreckelsville, Kahului and Wailuku. It was a Japanese evening. The veranda decorations were a la Japanese, and the young ladies who presided over the tea tables were garbed in kimonoas as well as the eight or ten little girls who took part in the entertainment. The first part of the programme consisted of marches, songs and dances by eight little maids from Tokio. Then came numerous shadow scenes in which a lusty Turk and a modest Japanese maiden were principal characters. Miss Beckwith sang the words of this thrilling romance. The last part of the programme was a lecture on Japan by Rev. J. Oyabe which was much appreciated by his audience, unique metaphors and startling bits of rhetoric giving spice to the discourse. Mr. Oyabe's lecture was illustrated by twenty-five beautiful views of the most enterprising country of the Orient.

During Sunday, the 28th, a Portuguese boy, ten years of age, named Marian Ambrose was drowned in one of the Hamakua reservoirs. The lad was bathing in the Haiku ditch and was carried by the current into the deeper water of the reservoir.

Antone Fernandez is running an express from Paia depot. It is the first and only public conveyance in the vicinity and will be liberally patronized.

Police Captain Scott and wife have been visiting in Wailuku and Makawao during the week.

W. C. Crook, Jr. who has been in California for several years and for the last six months in Ala. has been making his parents in Makawao a brief visit.

Wood is sold and delivered in Makawao at \$5 for a single cord and at \$4.25 in quantity. A few years ago it was \$14.

On Wednesday, the 26th, Purser Wallace of the Claudine was fined \$200 in the Wailuku police court, charged with "optum in possession." He appealed to a jury. Wallace had the key to the freight-room in which was an unclaimed box containing 22 lbs of opium marked "W. C. Hana." Recently the opium smugglers of Wailuku and vicinity are sending their contraband goods ashore in packages marked with names of prominent people of irreproachable character.

Fred Stoltz of Wailuku is in the hospital.

It may be interesting to some Honolulu people to know that Ira Van Camp "skipped" the country last week most unceremoniously. Having been refused a passport by the collector he went aboard the Claudine ostensibly bound for Hana. When the steamer threw off the line by which she had towed the brig Lurline out of Kahului harbor, she got headway on and ran close up to the brig. At this moment Van Camp called out, "A passenger for San Francisco!" and the Lurline's small boat was lowered and the transfer was made.

Mrs. Rosecrans, the mother of Mrs. Osmer Abbott of Lahualuna and Mr. Rosecrans of the Kipahulu school, died on the 14th inst. from injuries received in the runaway accident which occurred in Lahaina during the same day.

"Opium" Brown left Maui during the 22nd inst. He will return however in two months, so it is said.

During Wednesday, the 26th, at 4 a. m.—thirty or forty native longshoremen employees or recently so) of the Kahului Railroad Co. packed the end of the pier at Kahului and awaited the arrival of the Claudine's shore boats, their intention being, so it is stated, to prevent the landing of eleven new men which Superintendent R. B. Berg was bringing from Honolulu. Deputy Sheriff Carter and several policemen were called to the scene, so no demonstration was made and the incipient strike was at end for the present. It seems that during last week while some of the men were at work aboard the steamer Kahului, they, while still in the employ of the railroad company at \$1.50 per day, entered the service of Capt. Tyson at \$2 per diem. Upon refusal to obey the command of Superintendent Berg "to come ashore," they were discharged and men to fill their places were brought from Honolulu.

Dr. Reed of the Colonial Sugar Company of Australia has been inspecting Maui plantations during the week. Yesterday, the 28th, he went over Paia and expressed himself as both surprised and pleased at the uniformity of growth of the cane, etc. J. D. Spreckels & Co. recently sold the brig Lurline to the Hawaiian

Commercial Company. It is the first and only vessel owned by the company.

President Wight of Wilder & Co has been on Maui during the week. During Saturday afternoon, the 22nd, the steamer Kahului, Tyson master, departed for San Francisco with 2,250,000 pounds of Paia and Hamakuaopoko sugar and 156,816 pounds of H. C. Co.'s sugar the total value being \$84,385.61. No passengers. The bark Hesper is about half unloaded and the schooner Oahu is awaiting her turn to discharge her lumber. Weather:—South wind and the trades have alternated during the week. Overcasts (Thursday) heavy rain, ranging from 1 inch to 4 inches in different localities.

A PECULIAR CASE.

Physicians Puzzled by the Experience of Mrs. Bowen.

The Episcopal Hospital Said She Had Consumption.

(From the Record, Philadelphia, Pa.)

From no place in the world come stranger cases than from a tiny hospital. Some of the most horrible, many wonderful—often miraculous.

Last July the Episcopal hospital admitted a woman whose pale and emaciated face and thin, bony frame proclaimed her the victim of that dread disease consumption. She gave her name as Mrs. Sallie G. Bowen, wife of Wm. G. Bowen, residence, 1849 Meighan St. The case was diagnosed and she was told plainly, but gently, that she was in advanced stage of consumption. The examining physician even showed her the sunken place in her breast where the cavity in her lung was supposed to exist. She went home to her family a broken, disheartened woman with death staring her in the face.

That was the beginning of the story, the end was told by Mrs. Bowen, who no longer expects to die, to a reporter who visited her home.

"I have been an ailing woman for many years," she began, "my trouble being in the throat and chest accompanied by a weakness that caused numerous fainting spells. In July, 1893, I fell from a hammock striking my hip and injuring my side. From this time on my trouble rapidly developed until the last of October, when it became so serious that I was nearly crazy with pain. Pain so terrible that it baffled description. Our family physician was called in and for the time being, allayed the pain but the relief was only temporary. Why I was so bad that the physician sat by my bedside and gave me medicine every fifteen minutes. The first symptoms of consumption came in the form of a terrible cough, both night and day. From April until September I was constantly cold and kept wrapped up in blankets through the hottest weather. A terrible cough took possession of me, my breath was sore to the slightest touch, and my limbs were like cold clay. The hardest rubbing with the coarsest towel would not create the slightest flush, and the least exertion would so exhaust me that I could barely gasp for water."

"It was in July," as you know, that I went to the hospital, the last haven of hope, instead of which I received, as I then believed the terrible verdict of death. I continued under the hospital treatment, their kindness and liberality I will never forget, going to the country at their suggestion, but despite all they could do for me death seemed to grow nearer."

"It was when the clouds were the darkest that the first glint of sunshine came. Mr. Sheldrine, a friend, who lives around at 1844 Clementine St., said to me, Mrs. Bowen did you ever try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People? I had never heard of the medicine, but in my condition could not turn a deaf ear to anything that offered relief. It was after considerable thought and investigation that I concluded to discontinue all the medicine I was taking, including cod liver oil, and depend entirely upon Pink Pills. That required courage, you say, not so much when I believed that I had to die soon anyway. I began to take the pills at first with but little encouragement. The first sign of improvement being a warmth and a tingling sensation in my limbs. Finally the cough disappeared, my chest lost its soreness and I began to gain flesh until I was fifteen pounds heavier. All this I owe to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I cannot praise them too highly."

An impoverished condition of the blood, a diseased condition of the nerves, the fruitful source of most of the troubles of mankind, and to any thus affected Dr. Williams' Pink Pills offer a speedy and certain cure. No other remedy has ever met with such great and continued success, which is one of the strongest proofs that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills accomplish all that is claimed for them. They are an unfailing cure for locomotor ataxia, paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, the rheumatic twinges, headache, palpitation of the heart, nervous prostration, diseases depending upon vitiated blood such as scrofula, chronic erysipelas, etc. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, curing all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork, or excesses of any nature."

These pills are manufactured by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockton, Canada, and 46 Holborn Viaduct, London, Eng. They are put up in round glass bottles, the wrapper covering which bears the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." As there are imitations of this wonderful remedy, see that the above trade mark is on every package you purchase, and promptly refuse all imitations and substitutes.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by The Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents, and all dealers in medicine.

Sugar! Sugar! Sugar!

If Sugar is what you want use

FERTILIZER.

The Hawaiian Fertilizing Company has just received per "Heien Brewer"

50 Tons Soft Phosphate Florida,
150 Tons Double Superphosphate,
300 Tons Natural Plant Food,
25 Tons Common Superphosphate

Also per "Martha Davis" and other vessels,
Nitrate of Soda,
Sulphate of Ammonia,
Sulphate of Potash,
Murate of Potash & Kalut

High-Grade Manures

To any analysis always on hand or made to order.

A. F. COOKE, Agent.

The Daily Advertiser 75 cent a month. Delivered by carrier



The Secret of a Beautiful Skin

Soft white hands, shapely nails, and luxuriant hair with clean wholesome scalp is found in the perfect action of the PORES produced by CUTICURA SOAP, the most effective skin purifier and beautifier in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery.

Sale greater than the combined sales of all other skin and complexion soaps both foreign and domestic. Sold throughout the world. British depot: F. N. Rogers & Sons, 1, King Edward-st., London, E. C. Foreign Depot: J. C. G. & Co., Sole Proprietors, Boston, U. S. A.

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WE ARE PREPARED TO FILL ALL ORDERS FOR

Artificial == Fertilizers.

ALSO CONSTANTLY 'ON HAND,

Pacific Guano, Potash, Sulphate of Ammonia,
Nitrate of Soda, Calcined Fertilizer,
Salts, Etc., Etc.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our Agricultural Chemist.

ALL GOODS ARE GUARANTEED IN EVERY RESPECT.

For further particulars apply to

PACIFIC GUANO AND FERTILIZER COMPANY.

DR. W. AVERDAM, Manager.

One of the Advantages

Which the tourist and others who are desirous of taking pictures of the scenery of the Hawaiian Islands have, is the nearness and easy accessibility to the most romantic and picturesque points.

ANOTHER OF THE ADVANTAGES

Is that we keep constantly on hand a full stock of photographic supplies. For the holidays, we are offering you a camera called the

\$8.00 NO. 2 BULLET \$8.00

(LOADED.)

Measures 4 1-2x4 3-4x5 3-4 inches; makes a picture 3 1-2x3 1-2 inches, and weighs loaded for 12 pictures, only 21 ounces. One button does it. The shutter is simplicity itself. To make a snap shot, slide the button to the left as far as it will go. This sets the shutter. Press the button down. This makes the exposure. There are no plugs or lens caps to lose, no extra levers, no complicated mechanism—one button does it all.

\$5.50 ALSO THE Pocket Kodak \$5.50

Is about as big as a well filled purse and weighs on y 5 ounces. Uses roll films 12 or 18 exposures. Both can be loaded at daylight. Perfect in workmanship. Rich and dainty in finish.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY.

For Twenty Years

We have been tailoring at moderate prices.

Twenty years of experience to profit by.

Our KNOWLEDGE of CLOTHES for STYLE, FIT, and WORKMANSHIP, have stood the test as the liberal patronage we have received assures us of that fact.

We have just received our fall stock of woollens, which we are offering at prices that will astonish you.

H. S. TREGLOAN & SON.

H. Hackfeld & Co.

Are just in receipt of large importations by their iron bark, Paulsenberg, and 1 C. Pflieger from Europe and by a number of vessels from America, consisting of a large and

Complete Assortment

DRY GOODS

Silks, Fruits, Gingham, Cottons, Sheetings, Denims, Tickings, Regatta Drills, Mosquito Net, Curtains, Lawns

A FINE SELECTION OF Dress Goods, Zephyrs, Etc.

IN THE LATEST STYLES. A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Grapes, Etc.

Tailors' Goods.

A FULL ASSORTMENT. S. ESTES, Neeve Linings, Suit Linen, Tailor Cloth, Molesters, Meitons, Serge, Kaunigons, Etc.

Clothing, Underwear, Shawls,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiefs, Gloves, Hosiery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and Carpets, Ribbons, Laces, and Embroideries, Cutlery, Perfumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles,

Vienna and Iron Garden Furniture, Reclining & Settee, Pianos, Iron Bedsteads, Etc., Etc.

American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beer, and Mineral Waters, Oils and Paints, Canned Soda, Sugar, Rice and Cabbages.

Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrapping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press Cloth, Roofing, Lutes Square and Arch, Firebricks, Lubricating Greases.

Sheet Zinc, Shet Lead, Plain Galvanized Iron (best and 3d best), Galvanized Corrugated Iron, St. El. Rails (18 and 20) Railroad Bolts, Spikes, and Fish bars.

Railroad Steel Sleepers, Market Basket, Dem. J. H. and Cocks.

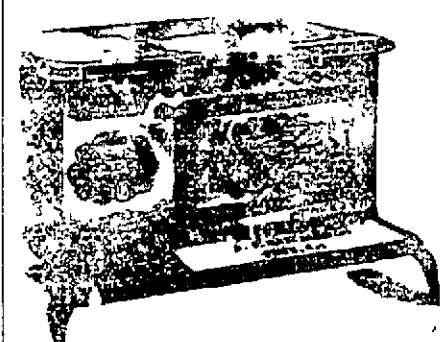
Also, Hawaiian Sugar and Rice, Golden Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchants and El Dorado Flour, Salmon, Corned Beef, Etc.

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Steel and Iron Ranges,

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PLUMBING,

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Work.

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SING STREET.

SCOTTISH UNION

AND

National Insurance Co.

The undersigned has received the appointment of Agent for the Hawaiian Islands of the above company, which is one of the strongest and most reliable in the world and is prepared to take risks at the regular rates.

Capital, \$30,000,000.
Total Assets, \$41,372,606.

JOHN S. WALKER.

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AT CAFE DE L'ORIENT

